The Caledonian Mercury.

No. 11,983.] EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, JULY 9. 1798. [PRICE SIXPENCE.

Theatre-Royal.

By desire of the Right Hon. Lady CHARLOTTE CAMPBELL.
To-morrow, TUESDAY, July 10. will be presented,
THE COMEDY OF
SECRETS WORTH KNOWING.
The Part of Plethora — Mr KNIGHT.
Egerton — Mr WOODS.
And the part of Sally — Mrs MATTOCKS.
To which will be added, a Farce called
THE GHOST.
Roger (the Farmer) — Mr KNIGHT.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF MRS MATTOCKS.
On WEDNESDAY, July 11. will be acted,
SHAKESPEARE'S Comedy of
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.
Benedick — by — Mr KNIGHT.
Claudio — Mr WOODS.
Leonato — Mr KEMBLE.
Beatrice — Mrs MATTOCKS.
To which will be added, a Farce called
THE MIDNIGHT HOUR.
The part of Flora by Mrs MATTOCKS.
Tickets to be had of Mrs Mattocks, Douglas's Lodgings, Gabriel's Entry.

This Day is Published,
By T. CADELL, jun. and W. DAVIES, London—and
WILLIAM CREECH, EDINBURGH,
In one large Vol. quarto, embellished with 24 Elegant Plates of Views, Ceremonies of the Natives, &c. price 2l. 2s. in boards,
AN ACCOUNT
OF THE
ENGLISH COLONY IN NEW S. WALES,
From the first establishment of the Colony till the month of September 1797;
With Remarks on the Dispositions, Customs, Manners, &c. of the Native Inhabitants of that Country.
TO WHICH ARE ADDED,
Some Particulars of NEW ZEALAND—compiled, by permission, from the MSS. of Lieut. Governor KING,
BY DAVID COLLINS, ESQ.
Late Judge Advocate and Secretary of the Colony.
Of whom may be had, published this day,
1. The INDIAN OBSERVER, by the late Hugh Boyd, Esq with the Life of the Author, and some Miscellaneous Poems, by Lawrence Dundas Campbell, 8vo. price 12s. in boards.
2. Gilpin's Picturesque Remarks on the Western Parts of England, with Remarks on the Picturesque Beauties of the Isle of Wight, 8vo. with eighteen beautiful engravings, price 1l. 5s.
3. The Young Philosopher, a Novel, by Charlotte Smith, four vols. 12mo. 16s. in boards.
4. Professor Robison's Proofs of a Conspiracy against all the Religions and Governments of Europe, carried on in the Secret Meetings of Free Masons, Illuminati, and Reading Societies; fourth edition, with valuable additions, 8s. in boards.
5. Stuart's Genealogical History of the Stewarts, from the earliest period of their authentic history to the present times, one vol. 4to. with an elegantly engraved Genealogical Table, relative to the work, 1l. 10s. in boards.
6. M. Clery's Journal of Occurrences at the Temple, during the confinement of Louis XVI. 8vo. 6s. in French or English.
7. The New Universal Atlas, engraved on 104 plates, being the completest Atlas extant, price 6l. 10s. bound in calf.
8. A New and Elegant Imperial Sheet Atlas, opens without folds, full coloured, price 5l. 10s. bound in calf.
9. Kitchin's General Atlas, price 3l. 6s. half bound.
10. Dunn's Atlas, new edition, improved, price 2l. 15s. half bound.

THE IRISH STATE LOTTERY,
Begins Drawing the 24th instant.
THE TICKETS, HALVES, QUARTERS, EIGHTHS, and SIXTEENTHS, are now selling, in great variety of numbers, and on the lowest terms.
*** The Money for the Prizes paid on demand, by
HORNSBY AND CO. STOCK-BROKERS,
at their old established State Lottery Office, (licensed pursuant to act of Parliament,) No. 26. Cornhill, opposite the Royal Exchange, London;—ALSO AT
Messl. TREWMAN and SON's, Exeter;
And at Mr THOMAS BILLINGE's, Liverpool.
CAPITAL PRIZES
SOLD, SHARED, and REGISTERED by
HORNSBY and CO.
2 Prizes of Thirty Thousand Pounds.
7 Prizes of Twenty Thousand Pounds.
1 Prize of Fifteen Thousand Pounds,
13 Prizes of Ten Thousand Pounds.
17 Prizes of Five Thousand Pounds.
27 Prizes of Two Thousand Pounds.
44 Prizes of One Thousand Pounds.
69 Prizes of Five Hundred Pounds.
All Shares sold at this Office will be stamped, agreeable to act of Parliament, with the words "*State Lottery Stamp-Office.*"
Bank, India, and South-Sea Stocks, with their several Annuities, and all kinds of Government Securities, bought and sold by commission.

1798.
THE 24th OF THIS MONTH
JULY,
THE IRISH STATE LOTTERY
BEGINS DRAWING.
SCHEME.

3	Prizes of	L. 10,000	is	L. 30,000
3	—	5,000	—	15,000
4	—	2,000	—	8,000
4	—	1,000	—	4,000
10	—	500	—	5,000
30	—	100	—	3,000
60	—	50	—	3,000
8,100	—	10	—	81,000
2,214	Prizes			L. 149,000
	First drawn Ticket			500
	First drawn Ticket on the last day			500
21,786	Blanks.			
30,000	Tickets.			L. 150,000

Part of the above Capitals will be determined as under, viz.

The first drawn blank on the 13th day	L. 1,000
The first drawn blank on the 14th day	1,000
The first drawn blank on the 15th day	2,000
The first drawn blank on the 16th day	1,000
The first drawn blank on the 17th day	5,000
The first drawn blank on the 18th day	1,000
The first drawn blank on the 19th day	10,000

THE TICKETS,
AND DULY STAMPED
Half, Fourth, Eighth, & Sixteenth, Shares,
In the above Lottery, are now selling in all the Licensed State-Lottery Offices in Great Britain and Ireland.
☞ Country Correspondents by remitting to any Lottery Office of credit, Bank-Notts, Post-Office Orders, or Cash, by the Carriers, Mail or Stage Coachmen, may have Tickets and Shares sent them, and their Orders complied with the same as if personally present.
*** The Prizes to be paid on Demand, as usual.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Union Shipping Co's Armed Smacks,
COLDSTREAM PACKET,
FRANCIS ORD Master,
AND
LEITH PACKET,
WILLIAM SCOTT Master,
Will take in goods, the Coldstream till Wednesday forenoon at ten o'clock, when she will sail; and the Leith till Saturday evening, and sail on Sunday afternoon at three o'clock.
Union Shipping Company's Office, }
LEITH, 9th July, 1798. }

On THURSDAY next, July 12. at *one* afternoon,
Will be performed,
A CONCERT OF MUSIC,
IN THE ASSEMBLY ROOM, GEORGE STREET,
By all the Principal Musicians in Town, who have generously offered their services,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE INDUSTRIOUS BLIND,
In the Asylum, Castle.
Tickets, (3s.) will be had at the Asylum, Mr Creech's shop, Messl. Corri and Dusseck's, and the other music shops.
*** The Society have now Twenty-four Males, and Four Females usefully employed; and they have lately admitted Four more, in the hope of support from a generous Public.

TIMBER,
TO be SOLD by public sale, on Thursday the 12th July 1798, at the harbour of Musselburgh, at 12 o'clock noon, A Cargo of MEMEL TIMBER, newly imported, to be put up in lots.

SUGAR AND RUM.
GROCERS and other Dealers will, throughout the season of West India arrivals, find the usual supplies at WALKER, THOMSON, and CO's, where Samples will be immediately exposed of their present imports by the Windward and Leeward Island fleet, just arrived.
Leith, July 5. 1798.

A BRIDGE TO BE BUILT.
WHEREAS it is resolved to Build a BRIDGE across the River NORTHESK, at or near the Village of MARYKIRK, in the County of Kincardine, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That Plans of a Bridge either of Stone, or Stone Piers with a Wooden Platform, and Estimates of the expence thereof, will be received by John Taylor, Esq. of Kirktonhill, at Craigo, by Montrose, one of the Committee named for carrying on the Work, any time betwixt and the first of September next. Daniel Symon, at Marykirk, will point out the ground.
No acknowledgment will be made for any plans and estimates not adopted.

LINLITHGOWSHIRE APPEALS
AGAINST ASSESSED TAXES.
THESE are intimating, that the Commissioners of Taxes of the shire of Linlithgow have appointed Tuesday, the 17th day of July current, to meet in the Town-house of Linlithgow, at eleven o'clock forenoon, for determining the Appeals which have been lodged against the Assessed Taxes of said shire, when the appellants for verifying their appeals, and also the Surveyor of Taxes, are desired to attend.

FIFESHIRE.
THE Clerk to the Trustees for making and repairing the Highways in the District of Cupar, and County of Fife, requests a Meeting of the Trustees for the said District at Cupar on Monday the 16th day of July instant, at twelve o'clock noon. THOS. HORSBRUGH, Clk.
Cupar, July 6. 1798.

COUNTY OF PEEBLES.
THE Convener of the County of Peebles hereby requests a meeting of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of said shire, at Peebles, on Friday the 20th day of July current, at one o'clock afternoon, to concert about measures of importance, relative to the VOLUNTEERS of the County. Gentlemen who cannot attend will depute one for them.
Peebles, 3th July 1798. JAMES NASMYTH.

EDINBURGH COUNTY MILITIA.
THE Persons whose names follow, drawn by ballot to serve in the Militia of this County, have failed to attend, or provide substitutes, at the district meetings of the Deputy Lieutenants, notwithstanding informations being made in terms of the Militia Acts, and repeated advertisements in all the Edinburgh newspapers.
ST. CUTHBERT'S.
Thomas Smellie, late gardener at Dalry.
John Hutchison, baker, late with Mr Fernie, baker.
KIRKNEWTON and EAST CALDER.
Alexander Dalziel, servant to George Laurie, tenant, E. Calder.
Philip Robertson, servant to John Robertson, tenant, Kirknewton.
RATHO.
Alexander Cowan, servant to Mr Wood, Dalmahoy Mains.
INVERESK.
William Shairp, collier, Coalpitts colliery.
COCKPEN.
William Smith, lintdresser at Mr Stark's.
STOW.
John Douglas *alias* Thomson, at Cadonhead, now about Dunse.
FALA.
Donald Fraser, servant, Upper Brotherston.
MID CALDER.
William Fleming, labourer, Upper Williamston, now about Haile.
James Meikle, servant, Mid Calder, now about Banguor, Linlithgowshire.
Therefore the above persons *are* again required to attend an adjourned Meeting of the Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace of this county, at Dalkeith, on Thursday the 19th day of July inst. at 12 o'clock noon, to take the oath of allegiance, and to be enrolled as militiamen, or provide substitutes—*and in default*, shall forfeit and pay 10l. sterling each, *and* be liable to serve again, or provide a substitute, whenever any ballot shall take place in the same parish, *and thereafter*, in case of non-payment, or providing a substitute, shall be liable to be apprehended and punished as deserters, according to the previsions of the act for punishing mutiny and desertion; *and* in case of not being taken within two callender months after they ought to have appeared and unless the parish shall, within one callander month after notice given, procure a fit and able person to serve in stead of such deserter, then the Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace shall proceed to ballot for another from the original ballot box; and on that account it is earnestly recommended to parishes in general, and particularly to such persons on whom the lot by ballot has not yet fallen, but whose names still remain in the original ballot boxes, to make every enquiry, and give the necessary information to any of the Deputy Lieutenant, or to the clerk of the general meeting, where one or all of the foresaid absenters may be found, seeing that the parish at large, and those persons whose names are still undrawn, are so evidently interested in discovering these absenters, and compelling them to serve.
BUCCLEUCH, Ld. Lt.
WILL. M'FARLANE, C. G. M.

MILITIA INSURANCE.
NOTICE is hereby given, to such Persons as are Insured by ROBERT ALLAN and JOHN & JOHN LEARMONTH, & Co. who have been drawn to serve, and for whom they may not be able to procure Substitutes, that they have given orders to all their Agents in the country to pay the penalty of TEN POUNDS—and also beg leave to acquaint the insured, that though they are still liable to be balloted for in any after ballot, yet the insurerers stand between them and any such future ballot which may take place in consequence of the late acts of Parliament.
The insured therefore, need not give themselves any farther trouble, than informing the gentleman who issued their certificate, of their having been called upon.
Edinburgh, June 20.1798.

SUBSTITUTES
WANTED FOR THE MILITIA.
SUCH YOUNG MEN as are inclined to serve as Substitutes in the Militia for Scotland, will receive a handsome Bounty by applying to

Wm. Goddard & Co. Edinr.	James Scott, Dundee
And. Templeton, Glasgow	John Airth, Arbroath
Robert Sandeman, Perth	Adam Glegg, Montrose
Scott and M'Bean, Inverness	Jas. Shepherd, Kerrymuir
Charles Buchan, Ayr	Benjamin Ross, Tain
James Potts, Kelso	Robert M'Kid, Fortrose
Charles Hay, Dunbar	Wm. Wilton, Thurso
Andr. Christie, Cupar in Fife	Alex. Miller, Wick.
Charles Hunt, Dunfermline	

Those insured by any of the above Agents on whom the lot to serve has fallen, must apply personally, (not by letter) to the Agent who delivered to them the obligation of relief.

FOR SALE.
HENRY BAND, Edinburgh, has on hand above ONE THOUSAND BOLLS PEASE and BEANS. Both are of the first quality.
The Pease are well worth the attention of meal-makers.
Letters addressed as above will be attended to.

WINE, SPIRIT, PORTER AND TEA
WAREHOUSE,
North Side High Street, near the Cross, Edinburgh.
HENRY GREEVE has the pleasure of informing his Friends, That he has COMMENCED BUSINESS with the above ARTICLES, the qualities of which will be found very superior, and the prices more moderate than those that are shamefully adulterated, and puffed off at reduced prices.
Good Old Whisky, from 4s. 6d. to 5s.
The very best Old Malt do. from 5s. 6d. to 6s. 6d,
Excellent Old Port and Sherry Wine, from 24s. to 30s.
Brandy, Rum, and Gin, nett as imported.
London Porter, 3s. 6d.—Curious London Porter, 4s.
Curious Burton and Dorchester Ale, warranted three years old, from 6s. 6d. to 7s.
Genuine Teas, from 4s. to 9s.
Sugars on the most moderate terms.
H. G. begs to inform his Friends, that his stock of Teas is now completed by a large and fresh supply from the last sales, (which have just finished) that will be found of *peculiar nice* flavours.
H. Greeve having resided for some time past with an eminent Wine and Porter Merchant in London, had a full opportunity of ascertaining the *proper mode of managing* these articles; he therefore would *recommend* his Porter at 4s. Dorchester Ale 6s. 6d. Burton do. 7s. as rarities to those that are nice in these particulars.—He can also assure his Friends and the Public, that his chief study and care will be to procure the best goods, and sell them on the most fair and honourable terms.
Country orders attended to with punctuality.
Dealers supplied at the lowest rate.

EDINBURGH RACES.
To be run for over the SANDS of LEITH, on MONDAY the 30th July 1798.
THE CITY of EDINBURGH's PURSE of FIFTY GUINEAS STERLING, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that never won a Purse or Plate of that value, (Hunter's Purses or Plates excepted) carrying 11 stone, the best of three four-mile heats.
On TUESDAY the 31st,
His MAJESTY's PURSE of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, the best of three four-mile heats.

4 years old to carry 7st. 4lb.		6 years old to carry 9st. 5lb.	
5 ditto	ditto 8 9	Aged Horses,	10 0

On WEDNESDAY, the 1st August,
The NOBLEMEN and GENTLEMENS SUBSCRIPTION of FIFTY GUINEAS, for all ages, the best of three four-mile heats.

4 years old to carry 7st. 3lb.		6 years old to carry 8st. 9lb.	
5 ditto	ditto 8 2	Aged Horses,	8 12

On THURSDAY the 2d,
FIFTY GUINEAS for REAL HUNTERS, that have hunted in Scotland, and never won Fifty Pounds, (Hunter's Plates and Matches excepted) carrying 12 stone, the best of three four-mile heats. Such Horses, &c. as shall enter for this Purse must be certified, at the time of entrance, to have been real Hunters of last season, and to have been regularly hunted with an established pack of hounds, under the hand or hands of the proprietors of such hounds.
On FRIDAY the 3d,
The LADIES PURSE of FIFTY GUINEAS, for all ages, the best of three four-mile heats.

4 years old to carry 7st. 6lb.		6 years old to carry 8st. 12lb.	
5 ditto	ditto 8 5	Aged Horses,	9 1

The winner of one Plate or Purse this week to carry 4lb. extra.
On SATURDAY the 4th,
A PURSE for the BEATEN HORSES, &c. of the week, the best of three four-mile heats.
The Horses to be booked by the Town-clerk of Leith, at his Office, on Saturday preceding the Races, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, when the horses are to be shewn, the proper certificates produced, and the usual entry-money paid.
There will be ORDINARIES during the Race Week at FORTUNES, and ASSEMBLIES, as usual; and no Scaffolds to be erected without the permission of the Magistrates of Leith or their Clerk.
LORD MONTGOMERY,
JAMES STIRLING, of Keir, Esq. } Stewards.
GEORGE RAMSAY, Esq.

LANDS OF PEIKIE AND PEIKIE MILL, FIFE.
TO BE LET,
THE FARM of PEIKIE and PEIKIE MILL, belonging to the City of Glasgow, lying in the parish of St Leonards, and county of Fife, about four miles distant from each of the towns of St Andrews, Crail, and Anstruther, are to be Set for 19 years after Martinmas next.
The farm consists of about 80 acres of arable, and 23 acres of muir land, and is capable of considerable improvement.
Those who intend to become tenants, will give in offers in writing to James Hill, Esq. of Longrow, at Scotscraig, who is authorised to treat with offerers.
Council Chambers, Glasgow, 5th July, 1798.

Extraordinary proofs of the superior efficacy of Spilsbury's Anticorbutic Drops, displayed in the following cures:
MR GORE, bookseller, Liverpool, favoured the proprietor with the case of a lady cured of the leprosy in that neighbourhood.
Also two remarkable cases of the scurvy and rheumatism, sent to the proprietor by Mr Carey, bookseller, of Hepton Mallet, Somersetshire.
The memorable and extraordinary case of John Palmer near fifty years of age, who had been afflicted twelve years, with near fifty ulcers, and deemed incurable by the faculty, cured by Mr Spilsbury's Drops.
The case of Henrietta Paterson, cured of an inveterate scurvy, of ten years standing, by Mr Spilsbury's Drops. Attested by John Carstairs, and George Wright, surgeons, Edinburgh; Thomas Matthew, Robert Walker, College-Kirk, Edinburgh.
A child of three years old, who had been subject to irritating eruptions and blotches over different parts of his body, from his birth, is now cured by taking a few of Mr Spilsbury's 5s. bottles of Drops. Further particulars, with a reference to the party in the neighbourhood of Bristol, may be known by applying to William Browne, bookseller, Tolzey, Bristol.
Mr Thomas Wilson, No. 15. King's Street, St James's Square, London, cured of an inflammation on his face and body, attended with eruptions, by eight small bottles of these Drops.
George Ison, apprentice to Mr T. Webster, Barton-in-the-Beans, Leicestershire, who laboured for two years under a very alarming disorder, which operated like the rheumatism, hordering on the palsy, was cured by taking only three 5s. bottles.
George Allen, broad-weaver, of Limley-Stoke, Wilts, and distributor of Cruttwell's Bath Chronicle, cured of the Evil by these drops.
The Drops are sold at the Dispensary in Soho Square—and

Mr SCOTT, Apothecary, and	South Bridge,
Mr J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouse,	Edinburgh,
Mr KELTIE, Perfumer, New Town Edinburgh.	

Are appointed Wholesale Agents, where the inhabitants of Scotland, and the Venders of patent medicines may be supplied on the same terms as at the Dispensary, Soho Square.
These DROPS may also be had in bottles of 1l. 2s. and 5s. each, duty included, of

Mr John Buchanan, jun. Sun Fire Office, Glasgow.	
J. Mennons and J. Duncan, Glasgow	Messl. Morison & Son, Perth
A. Barty, Paisley	Mr Thomson. Aberdeen
Maclelan, Greenock	Mr Dickson, druggist, and
M'Intosh, Inglis & Wilson, Inverness—Tho. Cave, Banff	Mr Inglis, Dumfries
John Allan, Dundee	Walker & Hodson, Newcastle
Mr Scott, surgeon, Kelso	Mr Jollie, Carlisle
Mr Dick, Surgeon, Dundee	Mr James Paton, and
Mr Anderson, Stirling	Mr P. Craigie. Montrose.
	Mr Dempster, Cupar Fife.
	Mr Millar, druggist, Perth,
	Mr Gray, mercht. Hawick.

WESTMINSTER SOCIETY.
FOR INSURANCE ON LIVES AND SURVIVORSHIPS,
Established 1792—Capital L. 200,000.
STRAND 1798.
INSURERS with this Society are desired to take notice, that Payments for Insurances must be made within fifteen days after they become due, or their Policies will become void.
Annuitants whose Annuities are due, may receive the same any day betwixt the hours of ten and three o'clock, holidays excepted.
The business of this Society being extended into most parts of the kingdom, Agents are appointed to receive Proposals for Insurances on Lives, and also for the grant of Annuities, and Annuities will be paid by such Agents through whom they are granted, at Michaelmas and Lady-day.
The Society having reduced their Premiums, the new Tables of Rates, with Conditions of Insurances, may be had upon application at the Office, or to any of the said Agents; and on stating the age of the parties, the terms for annuities.
This Society, considering the present situation of affairs, have determined not to require any addition of Premiums in consequence of any person already insured with them, or who may in future be insured, becoming an officer or private in the militia, fencibles, or in any volunteer corps for security and defence of the kingdom during the present war, limiting their respective services to Great Britain.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
ROBERT SKELTON, Secretary.
ROBERT ALLAN & SON, Edinburgh, } Agents.
JOHN BUCHANAN, jun. Glasgow. }

TO BE SOLD,
By public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh upon Wednesday the 11th July 1798, at twelve o'clock noon,
A Great Quantity of STONES fit for building every kind of mason work.
They are lying immediately west of the Parliament House, and are the property of the Faculty of Advocates.
For further particulars, apply to Edward Bruce C. S.

COUNTRY HOUSE & GROUND TO LET.
THE HOUSE, GARDEN, and OFFICES of MORTON, four miles from Edinburgh on the Linton road, with or without an Inclosure of upwards of two and a half acres, and about five acres of pleasure ground round the house.
The house is commodious, and may be seen at any time.
For further particulars, application may be made to Charles Steuart, W. S.

TO BE SOLD,
THAT Commodious HOUSE, Society, No. 6. at present possessed by Mr Russell, surgeon, consisting of ten rooms, four light closets, garrets, kitchen, cellars, water-pipe, and other conveniencies. It may be entered to at Martinmas, or sooner, as may be agreed on; and, for the great accommodation which it affords may be had at a moderate price.
For particulars, enquire at Mr Balfour, writer to the signet, George's Square.

FARM IN FIFE.
To be LET for nineteen years,
THE Farm of NORTH GLASSMOUNT, as lately possessed by Mr Bruce, and now by Mr Hog of Glassmount, exclusive of the mansion-house, pigeon-house, garden, and park adjoining to the house.
The lands consist of about 140 acres of rich arable ground, and 60 acres of hill pasture. They are situated within two miles of Kirkcaldy, Burntisland, and Kinghorn, to all which places there are good roads, and they are in the immediate neighbourhood of different limeworks.
There is already an excellent steading of offices on the farm, and a suitable dwelling-house for the tenant will be built.
The entry to be at Martinmas first.
For other particulars, application may be made to Mr Hutton at Grangehill, near Kinghorn, or to Mr Hog, who will shew the lands.
No offers will be received after the 1st of August.
Not to be repeated.

SALE OF SUBJECTS AT EDINBURGH AND DUDDINGSTON.
To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 11th day of July 1798, at six o'clock afternoon,
THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS, in Two Lots:
LOT I.—The FIRST FLAT of that Tenement at the Foot of the CALTON HILL STREET, West Side, presently let in two dwelling houses, one consisting of two rooms, kitchen, and closets, possessed by Mrs Bennet, with two cellars at the back of the house; and the other possessed by Alexander Petrie, consisting of a room, kitchen, and cellar—Rent of both houses, L.12.—The tenants have also the privilege of the Plot of Ground at the back of the tenement, in common with the other possessors thereof.
N.B. The whole flat was formerly occupied as one dwelling-house, and may be easily again converted into one.
LOT II.—The TWO HOUSES and YARD at WESTER DUDDINGSTON, which belonged to the deceased James Brown weaver there, and are presently possessed by Walter Smith and others.
The title deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of William Lothian, writer in Edinburgh, who has powers to conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

AYRSHIRE.
To be SOLD, in one or separate Lots, at Ayr, on Friday the 17th of August next, at one o'clock afternoon,
THE LANDS and Barony of KLAIRQUHAN, lying in the parishes of Straiton and Kirkmichael, and county of Ayr. The estate, which is contiguous, consists of above 8000 acres Scotch measure, 4683 of which are arable, and almost the whole of the property is inclosed and subdivided. There is a going coal, and three inexhaustible lime-quarries, with draw-kilns, in good order, upon the lands, besides coal and lime in many of the farms. There are also several extensive and thriving woods, and a considerable quantity of fine old timber round the mansion-house.
The estate affords Sixteen Freehold Qualifications.
For particulars, application may be made to Thomas Smith, writer, Argyle Square, Edinburgh, to whom those wishing to make a private bargain, betwixt and the day of sale, may apply

ESTATE IN THE COUNTY OF ABERDEEN.
TO BE SOLD,
THE LANDS and ESTATE of BRUXIE and AUCHINLECK, lying in the parishes of Old and New Deer, and District of Buchan, consisting of about 1440 Scots acres. The present free rent is 373l. 8s. 8d. of money, 164 bolls meal, 4½ keets of peats, 2 stones of butter, 12 capons, and 108 hens. But, as all the lands under lease are on different tacks granted long ago, and have been much improved during the currency of the leases, and are still capable of very great improvement, and many of the tenants far advanced in years, a considerable increase of rent will soon be got. The lands of Auchinleck are about 480 Scots acres, the present rent about 100l. and 46 bolls of meal, and may be sold separately. The whole estate is in the vicinity of the sea, near kirk, market, and post towns, and in the neighbourhood of lime. On Bruxie there is a large, commodious, modern house and offices, with an excellent garden, well stocked with fruit-trees, all in good order. The mains are extensive, well fenced, and subdivided with stone walls, mostly in old grass, and out of lease.
If the lands are not sold by private bargain betwixt and November, they will then be advertised for public sale.
For further particulars, application may be made to Mr William Fraser, at Kirkton, near Fraserburgh; Mr Peter Farquharson, advocate in Aberdeen; or Hugh Bremner, accomptant in Edinburgh, who has power to sell by private bargain. And John Lamb, the ground-officer, will shew the lands.

FARMS IN FIFE.
To be LET for 12 years from Martinmas 1798,
THAT PART of the LANDS of BALLINKIRK at present possessed by David Donaldson, containing 25 Scots acres or thereby, of good arable land, well inclosed.
Also to be LET for 11 years from Martinmas 1797,
The Farm of NEWTON of CARRISTON, containing 30 Scots acres or thereby, presently possessed by Wm. Robertson.
These lands lie contiguous in the parishes of Merkinch and Kennoway. They have a fine dry soil, and warm south exposure; and will be let either separately or together.
The lands will be shown by the tenants.
Proposals in writing will be received by Mr David Balfour, W. S. Edinburgh, on or before the 10th of July curr. and will be kept secret, if desired.

London.

JULY 6.

Wednesday a Council was held in the Closet, at which the vacancy in the sixteen peers of Scotland, by the death of the Earl of Errol, was announced to the King, and the instrument for a new election signed by his Majesty.

General D'Oyle yesterday took leave of the King on setting off for Gibraltar.

Wednesday Major General Murray kissed the Queen's hand on being appointed Lieutenant Governor of Portsmouth.

Wednesday, Mr Pitt and Mr Addington, the Speaker, were engaged in a long conversation with his Majesty.

Mr Pitt came to town from Wimbledon accompanied by the Bishop of Lincoln, and in the evening set off with the Speaker of the House of Commons, for the same place.

Mr Pitt's spasmodic indisposition is now of the intermittent kind—at intervals the nervous system seems perfectly restored; but on a sudden it falls again into a most relaxed state. Sir William Farquhar is his only physician, under the recommendation of Mr Dundas.

Thursday Mr Pitt was at the Drawing-room, first time since his indisposition.

The Duchess of York yesterday presented the St James's Volunteers with their colours. The ceremony took place in the grounds of Mr Calvert, at the back of Gower-street, Bedford-square. The corps, which consists of upwards of four hundred, made a very respectable and handsome appearance, and went through their evolutions with great adroitness, of which the approbation of the Duke of York, who attended the Duchess, is an unequivocal proof. The Duchess, on presenting the colours, made a short but very elegant speech, which had all the charm of affability and kindness.

The Hon. Charles Dundas, son of Lord Dundas, is a candidate for the vacant borough of Malton, on Earl Fitzwilliam's interest.

We understand that the sailing of the ships on board of which the regiments of militia had embarked, that had not actually sailed for Ireland, has been countermanded, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland having assured the British Government that he has now force enough not only to enforce the tranquillity of Ireland, but to maintain it.

Only three, out of the eighteen Swedish vessels which were brought into Margate Roads on Monday by Captain Lawford, have been detained, the remaining fifteen being found to be laden with the common articles of merchandize, and not with warlike stores as was at first supposed by the captors.

We are happy to learn, that many of the persons who were stated to have been killed by the mutinous crew of the Hermoine frigate, escaped the fury of those sanguinary wretches. Only nine officers fell victims to their rage, and the Master, Master's Mate, and carpenter, have lately reached England in perfect health.

The legal heir of the late Mr Jennings's two millions Sterling, is the infant son of the Hon. Mr Curzon, son of Lord Curzon, who married a daughter of Lord Howe, through whom he will also obtain 18,000l. per annum.

Although the parish of St Paul, Covent Garden, stands only on 16 acres of ground, the market of it has recently been leased out by the Duke of Bedford's steward for 2300l. per annum.

FRANCE.

Yesterday arrived, by express, a Paris paper of the 2d. inst. The following are its most important contents:

Extract of a letter from the Secretary of Buonaparte, embarked on board the frigate Juno, before Malta, dated on the 12th June.

"At half after eleven o'clock I break open my letter, to announce to you a great victory.—Malta is ours.—This place has this moment surrendered. We have not perhaps lost twenty-five men."

A courier, which arrived at the Directory last night, brought the above good news, so that it is now official. It will be probably announced to the Legislative Body in a message.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

SITTINGS OF THE 1ST JULY.

The Council received a message from the Directory, which was read by the Secretary.

For a long time, say the Directory, the Government of Malta has shewn itself hostile to France.

It afforded protection to Emigrants, as also to the soldiers of Conde's army.

Her Constitution ought to have obliged her to observe a strict neutrality, but she always acted in favour of the enemies of France.

The French, who were friends to liberty at Malta, were ill-treated and confined.

In a manifesto of the 10th Oct. 1793, the Grand Master declared that the ports of the island should be shut against French vessels, and that he should recognize the Ambassador but as a Charge de Affaires of the King, without saying any thing of the Republic: he declared he could not, nor would not recognize it.

On the 9th June, of the present year, a request was made by the French General for water, which was refused by the Grand Master, who declared ironically, that he could not admit but two ships into the port.—Dared he thus insult a French army, commanded by Buonaparte? say the Directory.

The 10th of June, the French were on shore early in the morning, and Malta was invested, and the town cannonaded on all sides.

The besieged made a sally, in which General Marmont, at the head of the 19th brigade, took the standard of the Order.

On the 11th, the Knights surrendered the town and port, and renounced their property in the island to the French Republic.

The Directory adds, we found at Malta two vessels, one frigate, four gallies, 1200 pieces of cannon, 40,000 muskets, 1,500,000 rounds of powder and other ammunition, of which the Directory had not received the particular details.

DIVIQUET.—At length your civic alarms are dissipated. Every one of you, uneasy as to the destination and fate of the French fleet which sailed from Toulon, was anxiously expecting intelligence from it. Buonaparte has sent you such news as is worthy of himself.—His first dispatch has begun with a victory—with a conquest.

This proud island has then at length submitted to the yoke—this island which was the strong hold of aristocratic prejudice and monastic superstition; nothing could defend it against the just vengeance of the Great Nation; neither its superb ramparts, the work of three ages, nor its 1200 pieces of cannon, nor the recollection of its ancient glory.

What Soliman was unable to effect in 1565, after a seige of several months; what his successors have not been able to accomplish, though goaded by numerous insults which were offered to the Ottoman flag, Buonaparte executed in a moment. With what confusion will England and Russia, who always reckoned this port in the Mediterranean as secure to them, be now overwhelmed. Malta is again free from the yoke of the Carthagenians; and thanks to the new Romans, this people are now about to resume their former political and commercial greatness.

Diviquet then proposed in honour of this brilliant prelude to the first victories of our naval army, and the new successes which its Chief is meditating, a resolution that the victorious French army at Malta had deserved well of their country.

EXCHASSEREAUX the elder supported this resolution, which was passed unanimously.

The cannon were then fired, as a token of victory and joy.

ISLAND OF MALTA.

Relative to the taking of Malta by the French. The following are the observations of a ministerial print:—

"There has existed at all times a considerable degree of enmity between the Knights and the inhabitants of Malta, and it must have consequently been an easy matter in the emissaries of France to gain over to their interests a great number of the Maltese. The defence of the island was entrusted to about 4000 men only, chiefly composed of French deserters; the Knights who resided in it were few in number, and several of them were suspected of being tainted with the revolutionary phrenzy and the new system of disorganization. Buonaparte had on board his fleet Dolomieu, one of the commanders of the order, who had formerly distinguished himself as a friend of revolutionary principles, even before the French Revolution was carried into effect. This person had been implicated in the insurrection which was excited some time since in the island against the Grand Master Rohan, and was sentenced on that account to seven years imprisonment. He afterwards made his escape, and the spirit of vengeance, combined with that of anarchy, has no doubt made him an active instrument in effecting the destruction of his own order, and the subjection of the island to the empire of France. Such are the means which the French have possibly used in order to make themselves masters of an island, impregnable in itself, if its defenders were but inspired with true courage, and influenced by unanimity. If Buonaparte has really taken possession of Malta, the consequences must be of the greatest importance to the French Republic. She will, of course, be mistress of the Levant, and command exclusively the commerce of that rich part of the world.

"A few cruisers employed between Sicily and Malta, and Malta and Africa, will prevent, without much exertion, any vessel from navigating in that part, and a squadron stationed in the fine and convenient ports of the island, will command all the coasts of Italy in the Adriatic Sea, in which France already occupies the important island of Corfu. Her influence will consequently extend in a proportionate degree to the Archipelago. She may also be enabled to give law to Candia, and the other Turkish islands; and should she wish to open a communication with India by the Red Sea, Malta will naturally be considered as the first point necessary to the success of the expedition, and the principal storehouse for the various materials which she may think proper to employ in promoting that end. Exclusive of these considerations, Malta, in its present situation, must prove highly advantageous to France. It contains 150,000 inhabitants, among whom are 6000 good seamen; it has an arsenal well filled, and an immense quantity of cannon, of almost every calibre. The money in the public treasury has been accumulating for a long time past, in consequence of the economy of the successive Grand Masters, and the riches which have been sent to Malta, as to a place of certain safety, by the Italian emigrants, will add considerably to the spoils of the enemy."

The island of Malta is situated in the Mediterranean, between Africa and Sicily. It is 20 miles in length, and 12 in breadth. It was formerly almost a barren rock, but is now much cultivated, as large quantities of earth have been brought for that purpose from Africa. It produces only a small quantity of corn, but is very fertile in lemons, cotton, and vines. It is about sixty miles south of Sicily. After the taking of Rhodes, the Emperor Charles V. gave it to the Grand Master of the order of St John of Jerusalem. It was attacked by the Turks in 1566, who were obliged to abandon the enterprize, with the loss of 30,000 men. The Knights of Malta are all under a vow of celibacy and chastity. The whole island consists of twenty-six parishes, and between thirty and forty villages. The town of Malta is on the sea side, facing Sicily. It is a Bishop's See, is the residence of the Grand Master and Knights, and contains some magnificent buildings.

The sea force of the Maltese is four gallies, three galliots, four ships of 60 guns, and a frigate of 36, besides a number of the little quick sailing vessels called Scampavias.

Since the month of April last, two French frigates have been lying in the port of Malta, under pretence of refitting and performing quarantine.

A negro woman, of St Domingo, emancipated by her master eighteen years since, being informed that he served in the army of Conde, offered him pecuniary assistance. The French officer returned for answer, that, though he was very thankful for her offer, yet he could not accept it, his pay being fully sufficient for his support. Nevertheless, the grateful negro has sent over 45 l. to be transmitted to him on her part, as a pledge of her gratitude towards her ancient master. Yet such are the qualities of the race we enslave?

At a little quiet party of quadrille in the neighbourhood of Marybone, a few nights ago, a spirited lady told her antagonist (who managed the pool), that she was fishing in troubled waters, and insisted upon her relinquishing those which stuck to her fingers. High words led to an attack on each other's head-dress; but fortunately their wigs were exchanged without any other damage than the loss of a little powder. Their seconds interfered, and the affair, as well as the wigs, was amicably adjusted.

ROYAL REVIEW.

Yesterday his Majesty reviewed the corps of Light Horse Volunteers of London and Westminster, commanded by Colonel Herries, on Wimbledon Common.

The King, attended by their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of York and Gloucester, and Prince Ernest, the Earls of Chesterfield and Harrington, Lords Cathcart, and Heathfield, Sir William Fawcett, &c. came upon the ground a very few minutes after nine o'clock. The corps received his Majesty in the usual stile of Parade, but the addition of the three troops of the dismounted, drawn up in the centre, in a line with the cavalry, gave a novel and very pleasing effect to the general appearance of the line. His Majesty having passed, and the accustomed compliments paid, the corps passed at open order, and afterwards ranked off with great precision.—After passing again at close order, they proceeded to cavalry manœuvres. To detail these would be unintelligible to many of the public, but several of them, combined with those of the infantry, were new, and had a very fine effect.

A representation was given of an attack by the infantry and artillery; after which the cavalry gained the flanks of the enemy; and the centre squadron filing through the infantry, and forming again instantly in their front, and charging, had a very fine effect. Several other manœuvres and evolutions were practised with great regularity, and, to the eye of the spectator, produced the most satisfactory impression of the military discipline of the corps.

The day, unfortunately, was not very favourable; it began to rain a little before his Majesty came upon the field, and continued wet during the whole of the review. With all these disadvantages, the number of spectators was great, and the scene, upon the whole, brilliant.

His Majesty, we understood, expressed himself highly satisfied with the military appearance of the corps, which his Royal Highness, the Commander in Chief, was pleased to express, by command of the King, in the most flattering terms—his Royal Highness, having, for that purpose, advanced to the Colonel, posted in the front of his regiment.

The review lasted about two hours and a half. The circumstance of its raining during the whole time of the review did not damp the ardour of the vast concourse of spectators assembled, none of whom left the ground till the business of the day was completely over.

The field was kept by the Surrey Yeomanry, commanded by Lord Leslie in person.—When the Light Horse Volunteers were about to retire, they passed the Surrey corps, saluting them in compliment to their attention.—About one o'clock the Light Horse Volunteers, the dismounted, in their expeditions, and the Horse Artillery with the guns, having previously retired, moved off the ground, amidst a line of carriages, extending in every road, almost from Wimbledon to town.

Had the weather been more favourable, the brilliancy of the spectacle would, no doubt, have been more complete: but the zeal of loyalty and of ardent military spirit contemns accidental drawbacks, particularly when it is animated by the presence of the Sovereign, always ready to receive the services of his loyal subjects in the most gracious and condescending manner.

FALMOUTH, July 2.

This day arrived, after eight days passage from Lisbon, with a mail, the Walsingham packet, Captain Couse. She has brought over Lord Paulet, Colonels Hope and Erskine, Mr Jenkin and family, Mr Robarts, Major O'Connor, Capt. Hobson, Mr Byrne, Mr Macnamara, and several other passengers, some of whom were taken on board the Prince Adolphus; which packet is now at Lisbon, the surgeon and passengers having agreed to give the prize-master a certain sum to take her into Lisbon, which he acceded to.—The Walsingham has not brought any news.

This day a mail arrived from Lisbon, by which we have the following letter:—

"LISBON, JUNE 24. 1798.

"The Prince Adolphus packet, which sailed from this place for Falmouth about 15 days ago, was captured, 150 leagues to the westward of Cape Finisterre, by a French privateer of 18 guns (Le Tigre de Morlaix), after a few hours chace, no resistance being made by the packet. The subsequent circumstances of this capture are novel and curious. The passengers consisted of General Pigot and his Lady from Gibraltar, with upwards of twenty officers in the army, besides ten other passengers. The Captain of the privateer came on board the packet; he assured the passengers that they might make themselves perfectly easy, that there were two sorts of privateers sailed from France. Some were pirates; but he was not of that description.—The Captain of the packet, and the crew, except the steward, he put on board the privateer; but told the passengers that if they gave him their word of honour that they would not retake the packet, he would let them remain on board, and he left on board only a prize-master, four men and six boys; he did not examine the passengers nor disarm the officers. The Captain of the packet wished to ransom her, but the citizen asked 8000l. which he would not comply with. The privateer continued her cruize, directing the prize to make the first port in Spain; after being three days at sea, the passengers agreed with the prize-master to ransom her for 17,000 dollars, and to return to this port, where she arrived yesterday."

Earl St Vincent, with his fleet, still blockades Cadiz. Admiral Nelson, with his squadron, is gone up the Mediterranean. Great hopes are entertained at Lisbon, that they will fall in with the fleet from Toulon. After the Walsingham got under weigh, a cutter came into Lisbon from Admiral Nelson; they hailed her, to know what news—they answered, None. By letters received at Lisbon, we are sorry to find, that the Princess of Wales packet, Captain Goddard, for Jamaica, is taken by a Spanish privateer of 12 guns, and carried into Algeziras—the captain was wounded, and one passenger killed.

Extract of another Letter.

Couriers from the Court of Madrid arrived here on the 19th and 20th inst. Their arrival gave occasion to several Councils being held. The report is, that the King of Spain has declared to his son-in-law, that it was not in his power to hinder the French from passing through Spain on their road to attack Portugal.—The Prince of Brasils is therefore preparing to review the frontier in the provinces of the North, and on his return, the Portuguese and English troops now at Lisbon, will be encamped at Mafra.

Our letters from Spain express themselves doubtful on what footing that kingdom stands with respect to England. "The fact is (says one of the last letters from Madrid) that the English force, which is before Cadiz, is not sufficient to hinder our fleet from sailing, if it were so disposed. Our merchant-ships pass in and out without molestation. Some English frigates met three of our transports carrying the legion of St Simon to Minorca. They inquired if St Simon was on board, to which they were answered in the negative; and the frigates were ordered to proceed to their destination. An English sloop, which met a fourth transport with troops on board, acted in the same manner."

That there is a set of designing men in this country ready to catch at any thing which they think will, for a moment, annoy Government, is a fact that cannot be denied; and, being miserably barren of politics, they lately attacked the Irish-Lottery, stating that it would be drawn in England.—How such an absurdity could enter their heads we know not, for the words on the tickets are "in the Lottery to be drawn in Ireland;" and the public may rest assured that the Irish-Lottery will be drawn in Dublin, as usual. A regular express will arrive, with the account of each day's drawing, and the prizes will be paid on demand. The drawing begins on the 24th of this month; and, as tickets did not fall in price during the time the late rebellion existed, it is extremely natural to suppose they will rise, now that peace and tranquillity are restored.

LONDON PRICES, JULY 2.

HOPS.

BAGS.			POCKETS.		
Kent	6l 0s to 7l 10s		Kent	6l 0s to 7l 15s	
Sussex	6l 0s to 7l 0s		Essex	6 10s to 7l 7s	
Essex	6l 10s to 7l 0s		Farnham	8l 0s to 10l 0s	

LEATHER, per lb.

Butts 50 to 60 lb 16d to 17d—Ditto 60 to 80 lb 17d to 18d—Merchants Backs, 15½d to 16d—Dressing Hides, 16½d to 17½d—Fine Couch Hides, 18d to 19d—Crop Hides for cutting 17½d to 18d—Flat Ordinary, 17d to 17½d—Calf Skins, 40 to 50 lb per doz. 24d to 27d—Ditto, 60 to 80 lb 23d to 26d—Ditto 80 to 120 lb 21d to 24d—Small Seals (Greenland) 76s to 84s per doz.—Large ditto, 140s to 160s per doz.—Tanned Horse Hides, 28s to 35s per hide—Goat Skins, 20s to 45s per doz.—Price of Bark per load 15l 10s to 16l 0s.

SMITHFIELD.

To sink the offal—per stone of 8lb

Beef	3s 0d to 3s 10d	Veal	3s 6d	to	4s 6d
Mutton	3s 0d to 3s 6d	Pork	2s 4d	to	3s 4d
	Lamb, 4s 0d to 5s 4d				

Head of Cattle at Smithfield this day, viz.
Beasts, about 1600—Sheep, 10,000—Lambs, 2000

NEWGATE AND LEADENHALL.

To sink the offal—per stone of 8lb

Beef	2s 6d to 3s 4d	Veal	2s 4d	to	4s 0d
Mutton	2s 10d to 3s 2d	Pork	2s 4d	to	3s 4d

—STOCKS—

BANK STOCK		INDIA STOCK	
3 per cent. con.	49¼	Long Ann.	13 11-16 ¾
4 per cent.	61½ ¾	Short	
5 per cent. Ann.		Omnium	1¼

This day (July 6.) at twelve o'clock,
3 per cent. con. 49¼ ½

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—JULY 9.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, July 4.

By the latest accounts from the county of Wicklow, it appears that the rebels had assembled in force in the neighbourhood of Baltinglass, and when the messenger left that place the King's troops were preparing to attack them.

A detachment of the Fermanagh militia arrived in town yesterday. The remainder of the regiment arrived at Baltinglass to share in the intended arrangement, which in all probability took place yesterday evening.

Mr GROGAN, lately executed at Wexford, had a property in the funds of 50,000l. exclusive of his estate, which amount at least to 6000l. per ann. Mr HARVEY 20,000l. in personal property, and 2000l. per annum.

From the neighbourhood of Carnew we learn, that after an uninterrupted contest of two days, the rebels who attacked that town had been repulsed by the yeomanry; but that the town of Carnew had been destroyed.

The rebels have concentrated their troops near the hill of Ballymanus, in the county of Wicklow, where we hope soon to hear of their total defeat by the King's forces.

From the other provinces of Ireland we have accounts of the most perfect tranquillity.

A letter from an officer encamped near Wexford, says, the people have mostly deserted this country, most of their houses being burnt. There is not as many people as can cut down the hay or bring in the harvest. When winter sets in the people must certainly suffer great want.

The general declaration of the rebel chiefs who were executed at Wexford, GROGAN, BAGENAL HARVEY, KEUGH, &c. was, they had engaged at first in the delusive project of reform, but that their feelings had revolted from the cause when they found that they were only made the instruments of superstitious bigotry to destroy their Protestant fellow-subjects; and that all the barbarities which had ensued were contrary to their desires. Most certain is it, that had the attack on Ross succeeded, it had been previously determined by the rebels to displace from their command every person who had ever been a Protestant—we say ever—for many wretched persons had been induced from fear to renounce their religion, and submit to be re-baptized by Romish Priests!

HARVEY, GROGAN, &c.

Saltee Island, the retreat of the late Mr Bagenal Harvey, lies at about three miles distance off Waterford, and was the property of Mr Grogan, who, with his wife and child, had accompanied Mr Harvey in his flight.

The island, which is only inhabited by an old man and his wife, who were dependent on Mr Grogan, is an extremely romantic spot, abounding with rocks and caves, but produces nothing of consequence, and is seldom visited except in the fishing and shooting seasons; sometimes indeed smugglers put in there to conceal their run goods, for which no situation can be better calculated, as without some information to lead to the depot, all search would be in vain, which indeed proved to be the fact in respect to Mr Harvey and his companions; for, though they were suspected of having secreted themselves there, notwithstanding the story of the boatman, who pretended he had landed them at St David's, in Wales, yet a part of the Irish yeomanry, who went in pursuit of them, returned without being able to discover their retreat, after exploring various caverns and holes, where, perhaps, the human form had never entered before.

Satisfied, however, that he must be there, they went a second time, taking with them some of the regular troops, and finding the old man persist in denying any knowledge of Mr Harvey's being there, they proceeded

o coercive measures; and after giving him about 100 ashes, he confessed the truth, and conducted them to ne spot, a cavern in the most remote part of the island, he mouth of which was stopped up with stones, and hich, on being removed, only presented a dark subter-aneous passage, on penetrating which they were led to large space or room, formed by nature in a rock, here they found Mr Harvey, Mr Grogan, and his wife and child, sitting by a lighted lamp, and who had taken with them sufficient provision for a month, and every necessary that could afford comfort in so secluded a retreat.

Among their baggage was found 2000 guineas, the property of Mr Harvey; they submitted without the smallest degree of opposition; but the scene that took place between Mr Grogan and his wife was truly affecting.—The result of their apprehension is too well known to need repetition.

HIGH TREASON.

Yesterday the court of Oyer and Terminer sat; the Judges were Lord CAR-CODN, Mr Justice CROOKSHANK, Mr Justice DAY. Barons SMITH and GEORGE. HENRY and JOHN SHEARES, Esqs. were indicted and arraigned for high treason.

The indictment charged them with two kinds of treason, compassing the death of the king, and adhering to his enemies.

The overt-acts to support both counts were the same.—They were conspiring and associating as United Irishmen to overturn the Government; attempting to seduce Captain ARMSTRONG of the King's County militia from his allegiance, and to induce him to prevail on his soldiers to join in the rebellion; having in their possession a proclamation declaring the causes of the rebellion before it had broken forth; and having formed plans to seize Lehaunstown camp, the Castle, the Lord Lieutenant, and the artillery at Chapel-Izod.

Being called upon to plead, their Counsel, Mr M'NALLY, made an objection to the indictment, which he said ought to be quashed, as an alien was one of the Grand Jury who had found the bills. Upon further advice, Mr M'NALLY thought proper to plead specially, that the prisoners ought not to answer to the indictment, as JOHN DECLUZEAU, one of the Grand Jurors, was an alien.

To this Mr SOLICITOR GENERAL filed a replication for the Crown, that Mr Decluzeau had, by the force of an act of Parliament for the encouragement of Protestant strangers settling in this country, been naturalized and admitted to all the privileges of a natural born subject.

The prisoners demurred to this replication, admitting the facts, but denying that in point of law the naturalization admitted Mr Decluzeau to a capacity of being a Grand Juror.

The Court, after hearing the prime serjeant, or a very few words in reply to the prisoners Counsel, overruled the demurrer.

The prisoners then pleaded not guilty. Affidavits were then produced, stating the absence of several material witnesses for the prisoners, and a motion was made by their Counsel to postpone the trial on this ground.

The Court, upon consideration of the affidavits, postponed the trials of Messs. JOHN and HENRY SHEARES till Thursday the 12th of July.

WAR OFFICE, DUBLIN CASTLE—June 20. 1798.

His Majesty has been pleased to make the following promotions in the army on this establishment:—

FOOT.

6th, Mr Guy L'Estrange, Ensign, by purchase, vice M'Bean promoted; Mr Chales Beaumont, Ensign, by purchase, vice Pillsworth, promoted—13th, Ensign Alexander Patterson from 30th foot, Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Mitchell, resigned—41st, Mr Henry Thomas, Ensign, by purchase, vice Lahiff, promoted in 30th foot—54th, Lieutenant Thomas Palmer, from halfpay of 54th foot, Lieutenant, vice Gilland, exchanged—68th, Mr E. R. Wade, Ensign, by purchase, vice Vaughan, resigned—89th, Ensign John Grant, Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lear, resigned; Mr Laurence Oakes, Ensign, by purchase, vice Grant, promoted.

FENCIBLE INFANTRY.

Aberdeenshire—Lieutenant Ernest Leslie, Captain, vice Bunbury, resigned; Lieutenant Hugh Rose, Captain, vice Carr, resigned; Mr William Ratcliffe, Ensign, vice Wagner, resigned.

Argyllshire—Mr Colin Hamilton, Ensign, vice Armstrong, resigned; Mr Laghlan M'Pherson, Ensign, vice Allan M'Lean, resigned.

Breadalbane—Lieutenant Henry Torrance, Captain, vice C. Campbell, promoted in 2d battalion; Ensign Colin Campbell, Lieutenant, vice Torrance, promoted.

Fraser's—Captain James Fraser, Major, vice T. Fraser, resigned; Captain Lieutenant Robert Thompson, Captain, vice J. Fraser promoted; Lieutenant George Kay, Captain Lieutenant, vice R. Thompson, promoted.

Ross—Ensign Donald Mackey, Lieutenant, vice Matheson, resigned; Ensign Hugh Grant, Lieutenant, vice Scobie, deceased.

Tay—Mr Andrew Mitchell, Quartermaster, vice Campbell, resigned.

JUNE 22.

His Majesty has been pleased to make the following promotions in the army on this establishment:—

DRAGOON GUARDS.

5th, Mr George Bradshaw, cornet, vice Shaw, promoted; Assistant Surgeon Benjamin Lentayne, from halfpay of 5th dragoon guards, Assistant Surgeon, vice Purdon, dismissed by the sentence of a general court martial—6th, Mr Merm. Cramer, cornet, by purchase, vice Somerville, promoted.

DRAGOONS.

5th, Isaac M'Taggart, late Lieutenant in 5th dragoons, paymaster—24th, Ensign Lord Fr. Bentinck, from 32d foot, Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Combes, promoted in the corps of drivers.

FOOT.

11th, Lieut. Anth. Chester, Captain, by purchase, vice Watts, resigned—30th, Mr Michael Jones, late Ensign in 30th foot, Paymaster, Mr —— Rogers, Ensign, without purchase, vice Jones, appointed Paymaster—64th, Lieut. Edward Bonner, from 1st foot guards, Captain by purchase, vice Hogg, resigned—68th, Mr Joseph M'Donnell, Ensign, by purchase, vice Campbell, promoted—89th, Lieut. Den. John Blake, Capt. by purchase, vice Magrath, resigned; Mr John Brickell, Ensign, by purchase, vice Plenderleath, promoted in 49th foot.

FENCIBLE INFANTRY.

Aberdeenshire—Capt. Tho. Burns, Major, vice Cunningham, resigned.

Elgin—Ensign Alex. Wilson, Lieut. vice Landers, superseded.

Manx—Ensign Gabriel Montgomery, Lieut. vice Summers, promoted.

North Lowland—Mr Robert M'Murdo, Ensign, vice Williamson, resigned.

Ross—Ensign William Baillie, Lieutenant, vice Tod, resigned

BELFAST, July 6.

Tuesday evening eleven prisoners were brought in from Borough-hame.

Seventeen prisoners were yesterday brought from Lisburn. In the evening two more were brought in from Carrickfergus.

Last week —— NEILSON, a young lad of about 16 years of age was executed at Ballycarry, pursuant to sentence of a Court Martial, for treason and rebellion.

COURT-MARTIAL.

Yesterday, at seven o'clock, HUGH GRIMES was brought before a Court Martial, charged with treason and rebellion, in being at Creevy-rocks on Monday the 11th, and at Ballynahinch on Tuesday the 12th ult. and with being a leader among the rebels.

Two witnesses were examined, whose evidence went to substantiate these charges.

The Court having found him guilty, he was sentenced to be hanged; which sentence being approven of, he was brought about three o'clock to the place of execution, where he spent one hour in devotion with the Rev. Mr DOBBS, and was then launched into eternity. After hanging three quarters of an hour, his body was taken down and given to his friends.

After the Court had finished the trial of GRIMES yesterday, LAMBERT BRICE and JAMES TRIMBLE were brought forward, charged with breaking into the house of KENNEDY M'CREERY, in Dundonald, and stealing from him five guineas and a half and his watch. The former was also charged, and which was fully proven, with being a leader in the insurrection at Ballynahinch, on Tuesday the 12th ult.

The Court sentenced LAMBERT BRICE to be executed this day at Dundonald, and JAMES TRIMBLE to be transported for life.

This day, JAMES WALLACE and JOHN GRIBBEN were brought before the Court, charged with treason and rebellion, in being present at, and assisting to rob the house of Mr KENNEDY of Cultra, on Sunday the 10th ult. Both prisoners acknowledged they were guilty.—Sentenced to be transported for life.

After which, WILLIAM PATTEN, gardener, was brought before the Court, charged with treason and rebellion, in forcing away —— LIGHTBODY to Hollywood, and then to Cairngaver Hill, where a body of rebels were met, on Sunday the 10th ultimo. This charge was fully substantiated by Lightbody's evidence.

The prisoner called some witnesses, whose evidence no way affected that for the prosecution.

The prisoner stated in defence, that he had delivered up his arms on the 11th ult. and had attended close to his business till apprehended.

The sentence of the Court has not transpired.

EDENDERRY June 30, 1798.

Major ORMSBY, who commands here, having on the 23d ult. received information of a body of rebels being posted on Fox's hill in the county of Kildare, marched with 50 of his men against them, ordering at the same time some detachments of yeomanry to proceed in such directions as would enable them to surround an adjacent bog, which was satisfactorily accomplished. When Major ORMSBY came up with the insurgents, who were about 300 in number, they fled precipitately into the bog, from whence they fired in all directions, but without much effect, killing only one of our men, and four horses. The rebels lost 150, and one of their leaders, a man of the name of CASEY, made prisoner, together with 19 men—all of whom are now trying by Court Martial. Indeed, in this as in many other instances, this part of the country is much indebted to the spirited and judicious conduct of Major ORMSBY,

Extract of a letter from Coleraine, June 29.

"Since the first alarm of rebellion in the north, the most effectual measures were taken for the defence of the town, and the peace and quiet of the inhabitants, by the Commanding Officer, Colonel Lord HENRY MURRAY, of the 2d regiment of Royal Manx Fencibles. To his Lordship's zeal and activity, too much praise cannot be given, and to them we are warranted to ascribe the degree of comfort we have enjoyed."

DUTCH FRIGATES ON THE COAST.

In consequence of some enemies cruizers being discovered off the Shetland coast, Captain HALKET dispatched the following by express to the Right Hon. Lord Provost of Edinburgh.

His Majesty's ship Apollo, Stromness, July 3, 1798.

SIR,

I have to acquaint you, that I have received information of a squadron of the enemy's ships now cruizing between these islands and Shetland. And to the westward of Shetland, a fishing boat has been along side one of them, and states, that it consists of six frigates; they are I believe Dutch.—I inclose to you herewith a dispatch to the Admiralty, which forward with all expedition. I have the honour to be

Your humble Servant,

R. HALKETT.

To the Right Honourable the Lord Provost of Edinburgh.

LERWICK, JUNE 30.

"In presence of WALTER SCOTT, Esq. sheriff and steward substitute of Shetland, compeared ROBERT HENRY, commander of the sloop Experiment of Lerwick, who depones, That he left the island of Fetlar upon the evening of the 28th of June curt. and arrived here yesterday. Depones, that upon Wednesday last, when he was at Fetlar aforesaid, a large ship ran close along the island to the northward, and that he is sure she was a Dutch man of war, he thinks of fifty guns at least. Depones, that a fishing boat belonging to the island was then going off to sea, and that upon her return next morning the master of her informed her she was a Dutch man of war, and that the captain or some other officer spoke to him, and enquired, whether they had seen any ships; to which he answered that he had seen none: that the officer repeated over several times, "Tell truth."

"Depones, that the master of the boat also told him, that all the ship's ports were lowered down, and that the person who spoke was dressed in black, but that he was not asked to come along side, or did he go. Depones, that a gentleman of the name of SMITH who resides in the island of Fetlar, told him, the deponent, that a boat had been along-side of a man of war, off the island of Uist, which were French, that they would not allow the people in the boat to come on board, saying, it was not a harbour they wanted, it was ships they were seeking. Depones, he was informed by every body in Fetlar, and particularly by Mr SMITH, that five or six men of war had been cruizing off that place for two weeks, and that all the fishermen informed this deponent that they had seen them on the fishing grounds, and that they believed them to be French or Dutch. Depones, that he, this deponent, has formerly belonged to his Majesty's ships Edgar and Triumph, and that he is certain the ship he saw was not British, and that he believes her to be Dutch, all which is truth, as he shall answer to God." ROBERT HENRY.

WAL. SCOTT.

The Lord Provost being at Peterhead for the benefit of his health, the dispatch was delivered to him there, which he immediately forwarded by express to this place, where it was received by Bailie JACKSON early yesterday morning. Immediately upon receipt thereof, Bailie Jackson forwarded the information to the Lords of the Admiralty by express, and sent similar information to the principal sea-port towns on the coast.

He at the same time dispatched the Osnaburgh cutter after the Baltic fleet, which had sailed from Leith Roads only a short time before the intelligence arrived, and as they were not then out of sight, it is hoped she will reach them in time with the information.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Esq. of Corraith, Captain in the service of the Honourable the East India Company, died at Swine, on Monday the 2d of July inst.

Wednesday died at London, of a putrid fever, Mr BAILLIE ROBERTSON, Assistant Surgeon in the Coldstream Guards.

Yesterday, the Right Hon. Lord KINNAIRD arrived at Dumbreck's Hotel from London, and the Right Hon. Lord M'DONALD, on his way to the Highlands.

The Princess Royal's own light fencible cavalry, commanded by Colonel M'DOWALL of Logan, have volunteered their services for Ireland.

The Thetis frigate, the Hon. Captain COCHRAN, has captured and carried into New Providence, a small French privateer schooner of 8 guns, called the Resource, commanded by the celebrated AUGUSTUS LOVE, for the apprehension of whom a reward was some time offered by VICTOR HUGUES.

The Thetis sailed from New Providence on the 7th May, bound to Halifax, *via* Bermuda.

Friday a horse, a laden cart, and the driver fell over the pier of Leith. The man and horse were materially hurt, but fortunately they were got out alive. The cart was destroyed. Similar accidents have happened before, but to prevent such in future, a small crib might be made along the edge of the pier, which would prevent the wheel of a cart going too far back.

On the 23d ult. some fishermen at the Black Rock, near the Troon, brought on shore a shark of considerable magnitude, and pretty lively, but unable to make any resistance on the sandy beach. About two hours after, a gentleman (who had seen it when taken) went again to view the animal, when, observing its belly to be of an uncommon bigness, and in a state of agitation, he took a knife and ripped it open, and, to his astonishment, found therein nineteen young sharks, about a foot in length, and all alive.

On Wednesday at Ludlow races, whilst the second heat was running, a person whipt Mr HEMMING's horse Doricles, (which had won the first heat) in consequence of which the horse slipped, and broke his off hind-leg above the hock. Mr Hemming had but just bought Doricles for 300 guineas, and the person who took the diversion of whipping him, will have the further amusement of being prosecuted for that sum.

BIOGRAPHICAL ANECDOTES.

Take him and cut him out in little STARS.

ROMEO AND JULIET.

WILMOT, EARL OF ROCHESTER.

This penitent Nobleman said, in his last illness, "Mr Hobbes was my ruin. These philosophers * have undone me." Then laying his hands upon his Bible, he said, "There is true philosophy! This is the wisdom that speaks to the heart!"

ST MALACHI.

In the prophecies attributed to this saint, who was Bishop of Down in Ireland, and which predict the number of Popes that are to reign under characteristic epithets and designations, the present Pope is called *Peregrinus Apostolicus*, or the Apostolic Traveller, a name well suited to the journey he took some years ago to Vienna to confer with the Emperor. Three Popes, according to St Malachi, are to succeed him, and then a great persecution is to take place in the church, of which Peter the Roman is to be the chief, who is to feed his flock in great tribulation, which being over, the seven-hilled city is to be destroyed, and the tremendous Judge of all is to judge his people. It is said, that in the room of the Vatican, in which the portraits of the Popes are placed, there is room only for one more.

* "I think, Sir," said the Countess of Talmond one day to Voltaire, "a true philosopher should never write but to endeavour to render mankind less wicked and less unhappy than they are. Now you do quite the contrary; you are always writing against that religion which alone is able to restrain wickedness, and to afford mankind consolation in misfortunes."

ABSENCE!—It is said of Sir Isaac Newton, that he *did* once in his life "go a wooing," and, as was to be expected, had the greatest attention and indulgence paid to the little peculiarities which so generally accompany great genius. Knowing he was fond of smoking, the lady assiduously provided him with a pipe, and they were then seated as if to open the business of Cupid. Sir Isaac smoked a few whiffs—seemed at a loss for something—whiffed again—and at last drew his chair nearer to the lady; a pause of some minutes ensued; Sir Isaac seemed still more uneasy—oh, the timidity of some men, thought the lady—when, lo! Sir Isaac had got hold of her hand. Now her palpitations begun; he will kiss it, no doubt, thought she, and then the matter is settled.—Sir Isaac whiffed with redoubled fury, and drew the captive hand nearer his head; already the expected salute had vibrated from the hand to the heart, when, pity the damsel, gentle reader! Sir Isaac only raised the fair hand to make the forefinger what he much wanted—*a tobacco-stopper!*

Surprising Circumstance.—There is living in the parish of Urr, a woman of the name of MARGARET NISH, at the advanced age of 108; what is entirely singular, she can support a burden of seven stones weight upon her back, and will walk several miles, with the most apparent ease and freedom.

ANECDOTE.

Mr A—— B——r, the Scotch Advocate, is a man of considerable humour, accompanied with great formality of manners. In a convivial party, where the late Lord Kelly sat at the head of the table, he was asked to sing, but would not comply with the pressing solicitation of the company. At last Lord Kelly said, he must either sing a song, tell a story, or drink a pint bumper. Mr B——, being an abstemious man, rather chose to tell a story than pay the forfeit. "One day," said he, in his pompous manner, "a gentleman by profession a thief, in the course of his rounds saw a church door, invitingly open: He walked in, thinking that even there he might find something useful. Having secured the pulpit cloth, he was retreating, when lo! he found the door shut. He took the only means left for escape, he let himself down by the bell rope; the bell of course rang, the people were alarmed, and the thief caught. As they were dragging him away, he looked up, and emphatically addressing the bell, "*as I now address your Lordship,*" had it not been, said he, for your *long tongue*, and your *empty head*, I had made my escape."

The following instance of native fortitude is not undeserving notice:—A boy about twelve years old, belonging to a gang of barges, navigating from Wisbeach into Northamptonshire, had the misfortune last week, in passing through a loch near Oudle, to have one of his legs so crushed as to be separated about half way between the knee and ankle. In this condition he was brought on horseback to a surgeon. Here he was obliged to suffer the second torture of an amputation above the crushed parts; nevertheless, observing tears in the eyes of the man who brought him to town (an evidence of sympathy seldom found among these watermen,) "Dear Jack," says the poor boy, "what makes you cry? you see I don't." His reflection upon the disaster was equally spirited—"Well if I can't be a waterman any longer, they can make a tailor of me."—It is to be lamented that so much magnanimity should be doomed to the management of needle and thread.

An efficacious recipe for a broken shin.

As soon after the accident as possible, break a hen's egg, and take as much of the skin which lines the shell as will entirely cover the wound; lay this skin, with its wet and glutinous side, upon the wound, and let it remain till well, when it will of itself drop off. No confinement whatever of the patient is necessary, nor need he even be afraid to draw on a boot. It may be prudent to bind the egg skin plaister gently on with a bit of linnen cloth, and not to wear woollen stockings till quite recovered.

WILMINGTON (NORTH CAROLINA)—April 26.

TERRIBLE CONFLAGRATION!

On Saturday night last, about twelve o'clock, a fire broke out in this town, in Mr RALPH's bake-house, in Market Street, occasioned by leaving the oven, (which had been cracked for some time,) full of dry wood, which caught fire, and communicated to the adjacent buildings before it was discovered. The alarm was not given until this devouring element had nearly consumed several out-houses; and before timely assistance could be had, extended itself in every direction, and raged in such a manner as rendered all exertions of the inhabitants to subdue it entirely abortive, until the whole square of elegant buildings as well as several other houses, were laid in ashes.

The loss sustained, exclusive of the buildings, cannot be computed at less than one hundred thousand dollars. A number of horses, cows, dogs, and poultry, perished in the flames; the inhabitants not having time nor recollection to open their yards and stables. So rapid was the conflagration, which in less than four hours consumed forty-seven buildings, and an equal number of out-houses.

Happily no lives were lost, though many persons were very much hurt.

Shipping Intelligence.

—ARRIVED AT LEITH—

July 7. Friendship, Watson, from Gottenburgh, iron.—Providence, Morton, from North Berwick, grain.—9. Endeavour, Pinson, from Southampton, goods.—Three sloops with coals.

—CLEARED OUT—

Berwick Merchants. White, for London, goods—Helen, Cowan, for Perth, do—Kelso Packet, Watson, for London, do—Tontine, Lowson, for Ayr, do.

HIGH WATER AT LEITH,—

			Morn. H.	M.	Even. H.	M.
Tuesday,	July	10.	11	21	11	38
Wednesday,	——	11.	—	—	0	6
Thursday,	——	12.	0	36	1	6

LLOYD's MARINE LIST, JULY 6.

THE Carleton, Hamilton, from New Brunswick to Jamaica, is lost near Jack's Bay. Part of the cargo saved.

The Buxton, Scott, from Limerick to London; and the Castle Malgwyn, Betts, from Yarmouth to Truro, are taken and carried into Cherbourg.

The Princess of Wales Packet, from Falmouth to Jamaica, is taken by a privateer, and carried into Algeziras.

The Prince Adolphus Packet, from Lisbon to Falmouth, taken by a privateer, has since been purchased, and arrived at Lisbon.

The Mary, Flint, from Liverpool to Africa, was taken the 28th June, in lat. 42. lon. 15. by the Julie privateer of 18 guns.

The John and Martha, Knap, from Alicant to Newry, is taken by a French privateer, and carried into Spain.

Portsmouth, July 3.—Arrived the Blonde and Surprize frigates from a cruize in the North Seas.

Falmouth, July 2.—Arrived, the Walsingham Packet, from Lisbon, in eight days.

Sherness, July 3.—Sailed for Elsinore, the Pylades sloop, with a fleet.

WINDS AT DEAL.

July 3. S. W.—4. W. S. W.—5. S. W.—2

MAILS.

Arrived,—Ireland, 5.—Hamburgh 0.—Lisbon, 1.

Due,—Ireland, 2.—Hamburgh, 6.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF MRS KNIGHT.

On FRIDAY, July 14. will be presented,

A FAVOURITE PLAY.

A Principal Character, by Mrs MATTOCKS.

To which will be added, not acted here these several years,

THE CRITIC.

Puff — Mr KNIGHT.

Tilburina — Mrs KNIGHT.

HOUSE IN KINROSS FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THAT HOUSE and GARDEN in KINROSS, belonging to George Peat, writer in Dunse. The entry to be at Martinmas 1798.

For particulars, apply to the proprietor.

SALE OF LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

(POSTPONED FROM 14th JULY.)

On Monday the 23d of July 1798, between the hours of 12 and 1 afternoon, will be exposed to public roup, within the house of Mr Wingate, Innkeeper, Stirling, the Lands after mentioned, viz.

THE LANDS of DRUMDROULES, and Four Parks or Fields of the Lands of PENDREICH adjoining thereto, containing in all about 143 Scots acres, all of which are well inclosed with stone dykes. They contain limestone, are of an excellent soil, well sheltered and well adapted for wintering cattle. —These Lands are beautifully situated on the banks of the Allan, with a singularly fine situation for a mansion-house, commanding a view of part of the Carse of Stirling. The plantations are in great forwardness. The whole wood is valued at 242l.

There is an excellent situation for erecting machinery, sufficiently extensive for either a print field or cotton work; commanding the whole of the river Allan, which affords an ample and constant supply of water. The lands are within two miles of water-carriage, about three miles from Stirling, and one from Dumblane.

For further particulars enquire at Robert Haldane, Esq. the proprietor, at Airthrey House.

N. B. The north parks of Pendreich, formerly advertised, are now otherwise disposed of.

FOR NEW YORK,

THE SHIP FANNY,

DANIEL H. BRAINE Master,

To be armed with twelve long six-pounder guns, and small arms, is copper bottomed, and a remarkable fast sailer, now lying at Greenock taking on board goods, and will be clear to sail by the 25th July.

For freight or passage apply to Mr Allan, Sun Fire-Office, Edinburgh, George Buchanan, youngest, Glasgow, or John Buchanan, merchant in Greenock.

FEMALE FASHIONS.
FOR JULY 1798.

DRESSES.—1. Robe of white muslin, with a triple broad ruff round the neck; the hair divided, part drawn up quite straight, and twisted in a tuft at the top, the other part cut short, and combed straight; the hair before also cut straight and combed over the forehead.

2. Robe of white muslin, with furl epaulets, cut exceedingly low in the neck behind, and on the shoulders; bosoms quite plain; hair as in Dress 1. with a bandeau of white ribband passing through one plait of the hair before, and crossed double behind; flesh-coloured silk gloves.

3. Dress of clear white muslin, with a train of *lilac*, fastened between the shoulders, and tied loosely on the left side with a silk cord; bosom quite plain and low; the hair combed straight from the top, and slightly curled at the ends round the face, and in the neck; diamond bandeaus placed obliquely on the hair.

MORNING DRESS.—Chinese hats of Bamboo cane, and red or other coloured *Chenick*, with blue ribband round the crown, blue rosette in front, and tied down with the same coloured ribband: White or coloured muslin gown, full epaulets.

The prevailing *colours* for the month are *white* and *lilac*. The *hair* is worn *a la Grecque*, after the Parisian mode. The waists are much longer. The *Chemise* tied close round the neck, with a double ruff, and confined with a cord, is a morning dress of increasing fashion.

RATISBON, June 13.

The act by which the Prussians have ceded their territories on the right bank of the Rhine, has been published; it is couched in the following terms:

His Majesty the Emperor having for the restablishment of peace, consented to the cession of the left bank of the Rhine, Prussia will not any longer delay the cession of her possessions on that side of the river, but on the condition of obtaining a sufficient indemnity on the right side, and on these terms.

1. His Majesty renounces the right to Prussian Gueldres, Mœrs, Creveld, and the part of the Duchy of Cleves situated on the left bank of the Rhine. That river preserving its proper bed in the channel of Borich, shall in future be the frontier between France and Prussian Cleves, as far as Pandern, in the same manner as between France and the German Empire.

2. The Republic shall take possession of these territories for ever, with all their rights of sovereiguties, revenues, &c.

3. Prussia renounces all pretensions whatever to the countries ceded.

4. As the Prussian states on both banks of the Rhine have common archives, they shall be divided in the most convenient manner.

5. The debts, whether funded or unfunded, of Mœrs, Creveld, and Gueldres, shall be charged to the Republic. Those which are hypothecated upon Cleves, shall be in common between the two Powers.

6. The debts of the cities, villages, corporations, &c. shall remain chargeable on the domains on which they were originally made.

7. Common interest requires, that the Rhine should have a course ascertained hydrotechnically.

8. The navigation, the right of fishery and passage of the river, shall be free to the inhabitants of both banks.

9. All private property shall remain untouched and inviolable whether the possessor is absent or not.

10. and 11. The same security is granted to all corporations, &c. (which are not injurious to the public) such as establishments for the poor, widows, orphans, &c.

12. Religious communities, which are not established for the purposes of public worship or education, may be suppressed, the individuals belonging to them being provided for.

13. The towns, cities, corporations, &c. on the right bank shall retain all their property on the left bank, subject to the laws.

14. If the Government shall suppress any corporation in its own territory, any property which that corporation may possess on the other side of the Rhine, shall belong to the state where it is situated.

15. Tithes are suppressed on both sides of the Rhine, proper indemnities being given.

16. The possessors of any property which is free from taxation, shall be indemnified.

17. Property of all kind may be freely disposed of.

18. The inhabitants, corporations, &c. of the left bank shall be allowed to sell their property within the space of five years, and go over to the right bank.

19. There shall be liberty of religious worship.

20. Persons having civil offices, shall retain their places, or be indemnified.

21. Persons employed by the King are allowed to dispose of their property as in article 18.

22. All suits between inhabitants of the ceded countries, shall be decided in the French courts. All contracts made before the cession are valid.

23. Any doubts arising shall be determined in favour of the individuals.

24. This treaty shall have effect from the period of its ratification.

25. Until that period the King shall retain all the revenues, except 80,000 livres a month, agreeable to the Convention of the 7th of June, 1797.

26. Commissioners shall be appointed on both sides for the execution of the treaty.

27. If the Republic cedes these territories to any other power, they shall be bound by the same terms.

Note.—The gazette in which this treaty was published, gave it no date, nor does it state whether it was signed by the respective plenipotentiaries.

The following ELEGY from an old MS. may not be unacceptable to our readers of the present day. Mr HARSIE was a famous dancing-master in Edinburgh, to whom the late Monsr. LAMOTTE, well known to many of the present generation, succeeded.

ELEGIE on the death and memory of the much honoured, truly pious, and magnanimous, loyal, judicious and worthy gentleman, Master HARSIE, &c. who, to the universal regret of all good people, deceased at Edinburgh, the 14th Oct. 1725.

Write, or forbear! I know not which to chuse,
Sublime's the theme, but scanty is my muse.
Yet on I must, Apollo guide my pen,
To sing the praises of the best of men.
If parts, or merit be the things that can
Or recommend, or qualify a man,
Few with the worthy HARSIE may compare,
Who of all virtues did possess a share.
I need not here, in this my rural verse,
His creditable pedigree rehearse.
Whose personal endowments did exceed
All flourishes of rhet'rick I can plead.
Integrity and merit gain'd him praise
Of lasting laurels and immortal bays.
Acquired parts and nature's gifts did meet
In one to make him Gentleman complete.
His style was truly (give him but his due)
BELLONA's darling, and MINERVA's too.
Still faithful to the crozier and the crown,
All renting principles he did disown,
No bribe, no boast, not any thing could make
Him king, church, countrey's int'rest to forsake:
But like an oak, inflexible he stood
'Gainst all temptations of a giddy crowd.
I would proceed; but tears dropp'd from mine eie,
Do interrupt this mournful elegie.
Then to conclude: This well affirm I can,
He was a loyal worthy gentleman.
If Scotia's sons all like to him had been,
Such dismal days, I'm sure, we ne'er had seen.
Accept this tribute of my grateful verse,
I pay unto his memorable hearse.
Flebiliter posuit. M. JO. COLME.

VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.

Subscriptions in the parish of MONZIE, county of Perth.

The Rev. Mr Ralph Taylor, Minister	L. 10	0 0	D. Murray Kinachragan	0	1 0
Hel. Millar his servant	0	1 6	W. Roy and D. Stewart	0	4 6
Eliz. M'Cowan, do	0	1 6	Servants to do	0	4 6
Margaret Drysdale, do	0	1 6	D. M'Gregor, cooper, Dalich	0	10 6
Grizel M'Ilvride, do	0	1 6	Tho. M'Ara, weaver, Wester Lethendy	0	2 6
Alex. M'Phial, housekeeper, Monzie	0	5 0	J. Roy, tenant, Easter Lethendy	0	2 0
Will. Mackenzie, Cult	0	2 6	P. Mondlas, tenant, do	0	1 0
J. Miller, schoolmaster, Monzie	0	3 0	J. M'Rostie, tenant, do	0	5 0
And. Forbes, Cult of Monzie	0	5 0	C. M'Ara, tenant, do	0	2 6
Don. M'Cowan, Callander	0	5 0	J. Murray's wife, tenant, do	0	10 6
G. M'Conniſh, Laganlayook	0	3 0	Peter M'Isaac, nenant, Midlok	0	2 6
D. Campbell, Duntoon	0	1 6	D. Anderson, tenant, do	0	2 6
Will. M'Phail, Laganlayook	0	5 0	J. Douglas, tenant, do	0	2 6
Don. Dow, Cromwell	0	5 0	D. Christon, tenant, do	0	2 0
D. Marshall, miller of Monzie (not of the establishment)	0	2 6	J. Stewart, weaver, do	0	2 6
B. Taylor, weaver in Cult of Monzie	0	1 0	Jo. M'Ara, heckler Wester Lethindy	0	2 6
Finlay M'Ara, in the Mill of do	0	5 0	D. M'Kercher, weaver, do	0	1 0
John M'Gregor in Easter Bonachan	0	5 0	C. M'Ara, tenant, do	0	4 0
D. M'Ara, tailor in Monzie	0	2 6	Tho. Robertson, day-labourer, do	0	1 0
P. Cooper, tailor, do	0	2 6	A. M'Leau, do	0	3 0
David Ballantine, weaver, do	0	2 0	W. M'Lean, do	0	2 0
Mary Young, housekeeper, Monzie	0	5 0	J. M'Gregor, Melkle Downie	0	2 6
Al. Miller, gamkeeper to General Campbell, Monzie	0	5 0	R. More, tenant, do	0	2 6
J. M'Omish in Laganlayook	0	5 0	J. M'Gregor, tenant, do	0	2 6
J. Murray, wright in Monzie	0	2 0	John M'Ansh, tenant Little Downie	0	4 0
J. M'Ara in Littletown	0	2 0	D. M'Laren, weaver, do	0	2 0
A. Crearer in Dunachraggan	0	2 6	P. Drummond, Easter Fendoch	0	2 6
J. Drummond in Hopmachrie	0	7 0	J. Kay, tenant, do	0	2 0
James M'Ara in Littletown	0	5 0	T. M'Ansh, tenant, do	0	2 6
A. M'Naughton, shepherd in Conachan	0	1 6	Don. Sorley, tenant, Dalick	0	5 0
D. M'Intyre, younger of Parknowk	0	1 6	And. M'Ara, do	0	1 6
Dan. M'Intyre, ditto	0	1 6	W. Gorrie, do	0	1 6
Dun. M'Intyre, ditto	0	1 0	Geo. Drysdale, smith, Fendoch	0	2 6
Ja. Mellish, Tombuy	0	1 6	P. M'Allum, Achnafree	1	1 0
Donald Stewart	0	1 6	D. Drysdale, smith in Middle Fendoch	0	5 0
J. Cameron, Conachan	0	2 6	Jo. Drummond, Fendoch	0	2 0
A. Dow (not of the establishment)	0	1 0	Don. Murray, tenant, Middle Fendoch	0	2 6
And. Dow, do	0	1 0	John Comrie, do	0	2 0
M. M'Ansh, Conachan	0	2 6	P. M'Ara, tenant, Wester Fendoch	0	2 6
Donald Gordon	0	2 6	P. Drummond, do	0	2 0
William Drummond	0	2 0	Don. Murray, do	0	2 6
W. Comrie (not of the establishment)	0	2 6	Pet. Stewart, do	0	1 0
John Comrie, Upper Cromwell, do	0	2 0	Alex. M'Gregor, apprentice	0	0 6
T. M'Ara, Tombeg	0	1 0	J. M'Ara, merchant, Lethindy	0	2 0
John Dow	0	2 6	D. M'Grigor, weaver, do	0	1 6
Thomas M'Ara	0	2 6	John More, tenant	0	1 0
Peter M'Owan	0	5 0	A. Stewart, Mid Lethindy	0	1 0
Will. Morrison, tailor	0	1 0	John Murray, Corrymuakloch	1	0 0
John M'Owan	0	2 6	D. and J. Murray, tenants, Easter Fendoch	0	4 0
William M'Ara	0	2 6	W. Crifton, Dalich	0	2 6
Colin Hay	0	2 6	Alex. Murray, Corrymukloch	0	10 0
Alex. Hay	0	2 6	N. Murray, tenant in Newton	0	5 0
James Halley	0	2 6	J. Murray, tenant there	0	5 0
James Miller, Hosh	0	5 0	Gregor Murray, there	0	5 0
John Jack	0	1 0	J. Crerar, tenant there	0	2 6
John M'Ewan, cottar	0	2 0	Al. Campbell, tenant, Craignaper	0	3 0
Duncan M'Ara	0	5 0	Pet. Cameron, do	0	2 6
Charles Boyd	0	1 0	Archer Menzies, do	0	2 6
John Campbell	0	1 0	Alex. Crearar, do	0	2 0
Alex. M'Owen	0	2 0	Gil. M'Laren, tenant, Dall	0	5 0
Wm. Ballintine, weaver in Monzie	0	1 0	J. Menzies, tenant, do	0	2 6
Don. M'Kenzie, Tomboy	0	0	John Sinclair, do	0	1 6
James Paterson, butler to Gen. Campbell	0	0 6	J. Ferguſſon, Conachen	1	0 0
D. Brown, valet to do	1	1 0	Jo. M'Grigor, servant, do	0	2 6
M. Hunter, cook to do	1	1 0	D. M'Grigor, servant, do	0	1 0
J. Drysdale, dairymaid do	0	5 0	D. M'Dougal, servant, do	0	1 0
A. Burnet, groom, do	0	2 6	J. Comrie, schoolmaster, Kinn	0	2 6
Peter M'Naughton, coachman to do	1	1 0	Jo. M'Ewan, tenant, Newton	0	2 6
T. More, footman to do	1	1 0	J. Crearar, jun. do	0	2 0
James Boag, do	1	1 0	J. Hay, weaver, do	0	1 0
Miss Eards, Miss Campbell's maid	0	10 6	Cath. M'Kisack, maid in Midlethindy	0	1 0
Margaret Mellish	0	2 6	Mar. Stewart, widow, Dalick	0	1 0
Betty Mellish	0	5 0	J. M'Phail, tenant, Fendoch	0	2 6
Miss Ingli, Mrs Campbell's maid	0	10 6	P. Macainsh, tenant, do	0	2 0
Da. Dewar at Hosh	1	1 0	P. Stort, day-labourer, Lith	0	1 0
J. Ritchie at Parknook	0	2 6	Will. M'Leish, tenant, Little Downie	0	2 0
	L. 45	0 6	Ja. Miller, Hosh	0	16 0
			Mrs Miller, his wife	0	5 0
			His three daughters, 2s. 6d. each	0	7 6
			William Marshall	0	8 0
			Isabel Marshall	0	2 0
			W. Marshall's servants	0	1 0
			John Finlayson	0	1 6
			J. Macainsh (not of the establishment)	0	1 0
			John Mathie, tailor	0	1 0
			William Mathie, do	0	0 6
			J. Mathie schoolmaster	0	1 0
			Mary Mathie	0	0 6
			William Kempie	0	2 0
			Isobel Sime	0	0 6
			John Conin, sawer	0	1 0
			George Robin, do	0	1 0
			Mar. Conin and Mar. Mathie 6d. each	0	1 0
			M. Ritchie, farmer	0	1 6
			And. Rogie, Auchoahango	0	3 0
			William Rogie	0	1 0
			Jean and Janet Rogie, 6d. each	0	1 0
			J. Robertson, farmer	0	3 0
			P. Heddrick, farmer	0	1 0
			J. Taylor, weaver	0	1 0
			M. Cameron, spinster	0	0 6
			Janet Serim, spinster	0	0 6
			Jo. Ritchie, Crofsgate	0	2 6
			A. M'Grigor, Craigntor	0	2 0
			John Serim	0	1 0
			John Serim, elder	0	1 0
			Jo. Sinclair, tollkeeper	0	1 6
			J. Gilmour, innkeeper	0	2 6
			Jo. Buchan, mason	0	1 0
			Jo. M'Cuon. gardener	0	2 0
				L. 45	0 6

VILLA
IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD OF PEEBLES.

To be SOLD, by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 11th day of July curt. at two o'clock afternoon,

THE MANSION-HOUSE, GARDEN and OFFICES of HAYLODGE, either jointly or in the following lots, as intending purchasers shall incline:

LOT I.—The Commodious HOUSE of HAYLODGE, with a washing-house, cellar, and other conveniencies in the back court, porter's lodge, and a large garden well stocked with fruit trees, and in excellent order.

LOT II.—A Large COURT of OFFICES, including a dwelling-house, with a good kitchen, some large rooms, a cellar and catacombs—Also a coach-house, stable, byre, barn, and various other buildings, all which would answer well for a linen or cotton manufactory, both of which branches of trade are carried on at Peebles with great spirit, and are much encouraged from Edinburgh and Glasgow.

Peebles is delightfully situated on the banks of the Tweed, about twenty miles from Edinburgh. The schools there have been long in high reputation, and there is a good supply of every article for the use of a family, so that a more agreeable situation is rarely to be found.

For further particulars, application may be made to John Syme, writer to the signet.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFESHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Thursday the 19th July 1798, in the house of Mr David Methven, vintner in Cupar, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands of BRUNTSHIELS, consisting of about 195 acres, lying in the parish of Kilconquhar, and within four miles of Cupar the county town. The Lands are of a good soil in the immediate neighbourhood of coal and lime, and the greater part substantially inclosed, and the parks well watered. The purchaser's entry to be at the term of Martinmas next, and 1000l. of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands. The lands will be shown by a servant at Bruntshiels house.

For further particulars apply to Robert Meldrum, writer St Andrews.

ESTATE OF DELGATY FOR SALE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, the 20th day of August next, if not previously sold by private bargain,

THE LANDS, BARONY, and ESTATE of DELGATY, (except that part to the west and north of the burn of Knockymilln, and a line dividing Burnside from Hilltown, and running from the head of said burn northward to the march in Redmoss.) This estate comprehends the Mains and Manor place of Delgaty, the town and lands of the burgh and barony of Turriff, with the mills and multures thereof, and mill and mill lands of Gash, &c. all lying within the parishes of Turriff and Monquhitter, and county of Aberdeen, together with the Rights of Patronage of the Church and School of Turriff.

These lands are of great extent, containing several thousand acres, are capable of much improvement, lying within ten miles of the ports of Macduff and Banff, from which they are supplied with lime and coal. The whole estate is well accommodated with moss. The estate holds of the crown, and the valued rent is 2200l. Scots. The present gross rental, converting the victual and customs at a reasonable rate, is about 1700l. Sterling. The public burdens are moderate.

The mansion-house is a noble old building, substantial, commodious, and in complete repair, equal to the accommodation of any family, with a large and elegant court of offices, lately built, containing every useful accommodation. There is around the house considerable plantations of full-grown trees, and more than 600 acres of thriving young wood of all kinds. Few villages can be better situated than the town of Turriff for manufactures of every kind, as there is a great command of water, sufficient for any machinery.

The value, advantages, and situation of this large and extensive estate are so well and generally known, as to require neither description nor embellishment in a newspaper.—A property so desirable in every respect seldom appears in the market.

Part of the price will be allowed to remain on security, and the remainder will be accepted of by such instalments as may suit the conveniency of a purchaser.

Charles Begry, ground officer at Delgaty, will shew the lands and marches, and any person desirous of further information may apply to the proprietor at Troup-house, to John Burnett, Esq. of Ellrich, by Aberdeen, or Maxwell Gordon and John Morrison, writers to the signet.

LANDS IN ANNANDALE.

To be Sold by public auction, within the King's Arms Tavern, Dumfries, upon Tuesday 24th July 1798, between one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of BETWEEN THE WATERS, HOTTS, FOULTOUN, WHITELEES, and GILMARTIN, lying in the parish of Middlebie, either in whole, or in the following Lots:

LOT I.—Between-the-Waters,	rent	L. 36	
Foultown,	ditto	84	
Gilmartin,	ditto	35	
			L. 155
LOT II.—Hotts,	rent	L. 67	
Whitelees	ditto	35	
			L. 102
Total gross rent			L. 257

Or if more agreeable to offerers each of the farms of Gilmartin and Whitelees will be sold by itself.

These lands are held of a subject superior, and pay 3s. 1½d. of feu duty, and 3l. 4s. 7d. of stipend. They consist of about 440 Scots acres, a great part of which is a fine dry soil, the rest is strong soil, but remarkable for producing early and abundant crops, in so much that in the latest harvests, the corns have all been sold for seed. They lie quite compact, with a warm south exposure, about a mile from the turnpike road from Annan to Langholm, by Springhill, within a moderate distance of coal, and only one mile from different public lime works. The lands, as the name imports, being bounded on each side by a fine stream of water, the situation is pleasant and favourable for improvement. There is a considerable quantity of large old timber, and of thriving young plantations. The lands are all inclosed, and mostly subdivided, and the fences in general are good.

The lands of Between-the-waters, rented at 36l. may, by agreement with the tenant, be entered to by a purchaser, in less than twelve months, and in excellent condition.

For further particulars, application may be made to Mr Stewart, at Hillside, near Lockerby; or Mr David Balfour, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of William Gordon, vintner in Dundee, upon Friday the 17th day of August 1798, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of KINCRIEGH, with those parts after mentioned of the Lands of KINCALDRUM, and that either together, or in the following lots, as purchasers may incline.

LOT I.—Being a Part of the Lands of Kincaldrum, with the Mansion-house and Garden, consisting of 134 Scots acres of good arable land, inclosed partly with stone dykes, and partly with thriving hedges. The whole inclosures of these lands are well watered, and they are out of lease, so that the purchaser will get immediate access.

LOT II.—Being Part of the Lands of Kinereigh, consisting of 189 Scots acres, all arable, and capable of great improvement. The present leases terminate with crop 1799. There is a good stone quarry in the ground, for inclosing or building houses; and as the land for some length lies along the turnpike road leading from Forfar to Dundee, it might be feued out to manufacturers to great advantage.

LOT III.—Comprises the remainder of the Lands of Kinereigh, and the Govals, and consists of 331 Scots acres.—The present leases of these lands expire with crop 1799.

The whole of these lands are contiguous to one another, and are within about seven miles of the town of Dundee, and five of the town of Forfar, to both which towns there is commodious and easy access, by an excellent turnpike road lately made.

There will be attached to the above lots, if sold together, or in one of the above lots, if sold separately, a Superiority affording a Freehold Qualification in the county, if the purchasers incline.

The title deeds are in the hands of Frederick Fothringham and Alexander Pearson, writers to the signet, to whom, or to Mr Bower the proprietor, at his house of Kinnettles, any person who is desirous to purchase the whole lands, or any of the lots, by private bargain before the day of sale, or who wishes any further information, may apply.

FARMS IN STIRLINGSHIRE TO LET.

To be LET for 19 years, or such number of years as may be agreed upon,

THE following FARMS, part of the Estate of PLEAN, in the parish of St Ninians, and county of Stirling, viz.

I. The Farm of WOODCOCKFAULD, presently possessed by William Paul, containing 73 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1798.

II. The Farm of PLEAN-BANK, presently possessed by William Dun, contains 67 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1799.

III. The Farm of CUSHINQUARTER-EASTER, possessed by James Robertson, containing 69 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1800.

IV. The Farm of CUSHINQUARTER-WESTER, containing 69 acres or thereby, possessed by Alexander Robertson. Entry at Martinmas 1800.

V. The Farm of DURIESHILL-HAUGH, possessed by Robert Mitchell, containing 120 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1801.

VI. The Farm of DURIESHILL, possessed by John Paul, containing 80 acres or thereby. Entry at Martinmas 1801.

All the above farms are arable, except some small spots, are of good dry soil, and well calculated for turnip husbandry, lie adjoining to the turnpike road leading from Falkirk to Stirling, and from Denny to Stirling, are properly inclosed, and within a few miles of the county town, and the great canal. Upon the lands there is a lime stone quarry, level free, which the tenants will have the use of for working, and a colliery upon the estate. So that few places have such advantages for improvement.

Offers in writing may be given in to James Stormouth, writer in Edinburgh, or James Henderson, writer in Falkirk, the factor over the estate, and who will inform as to any further particulars. Such offers as are not accepted, will be concealed if desired.

ESSENCE OF PEPPERMINT.

THE very flattering and strong testimonies which J. JUNIPER has received in favour of his ESSENCE of PEPPERMENT, from almost every part of the world, supersede the necessity of his saying any thing in favour of its virtues and effects, was it not from the complaints so strongly and frequently urged from different parts, of imposition by nauseous and ineffectual counterfeits. The genuine essence is an elegant preparation, fragrant in itself, administering oftentimes the most pleasing and instantaneous relief in gouty and cholicky pains in the stomach and bowels, reviving the spirits, restoring the appetite, and producing many other salutary effects, more particularly expressed in the bills. Out of respect to the Public, as well as justice to himself, each bottle is signed by his own hand, and sold by his appointment only,

by R. SCOTT, Apothecary, South Bridge;

Mess. Husband, Elder, and Co.; Edinburgh—Mr Coke, Leith—Messrs Morison and Son, Perth—Mr Dick, surgeon, Dundee—Mr Dempster, surgeon, Cupar—Mr Craigie, surgeon, Montrose—and Mr Edward Walker, printer, Newcastle—in bottles at 1s. 1½d each, and stopt phialset 2s. 9d. duty included.

CHING'S WORM-DESTROYING LOZENGES.

THESE LOZENGES, instead of being disagreeable to take, like most other medicines, are so inviting in appearance, and so pleasant in taste, that children are generally fond of them. They are so perfectly innocent and mild in their operation that they are given with safety to the youngest infants; and what renders them particularly useful in every family is, that they are the most convenient as well as the best purging physic for persons of all ages that can be used; and as experience proves that some of the worst and most dangerous complaints of grown persons as well as children, are occasioned by worms, it is presumed that a safe, pleasant, and an effectual remedy for these evils will be found of great importance.

As a proof of the efficacy of these Lozenges, the following may not be deemed unworthy of notice.

I JAMES BROAD, of the parish of Alternon, in the county of Cornwall, aged thirty-five, do certify, that about three months ago, having much pain in my stomach and bowels, I took one dose of Mr Ching's Worm Lozenges, by which I voided one worm eight feet long, and another seven feet, and the next day a great number of other worms of various sizes, from one inch to eight feet in length.——Thus I lost the pains in my stomach and bowels, and have been perfectly well ever since.—Witness my hand this twenty-fourth day of July 1797.

JAMES BROAD.

Signed and attested in the presence of
HUMPHRY LAWRENCE, Esq.
GEORGE HILL, Gentleman, } of Launceston,
And JOHN BOARD, father of the said James Broad, Landlord of the Jamaica Inn, on the road from Launceston to Bodmin, of whom particulars may be known.

Please to observe, that every paper is signed by the Patentee, JOHN CHING, Surgeon, and sold in packets at 6d. and 1s. each, or in boxes at 3s. 6d. with printed bills of directions, by

R. SCOTT, APOTHECARY,
South Bridge Street, Edinburgh,

Also by Mess. R. Walker, druggist, Falkirk; Thomas Nimmo, druggist, Greenock; Philip Whiteside, Ayr; William Dick, and Isabella Syme, Dundee; James Alexander, Dunfermline; Patrick Craigie, Montrose; James Macready, Kirkcaly; Mrs And. Lumsden, and Mr John Peters, Arbroath; Mr G. Browning, Paisley; Mess. Morrison and Son, Perth; Mr Thomas Scott, Kelso; and Mr Dickson, druggist, Dumfries.

SCROFULA CURED.

To T. TAYLOR, Surgeon, No. 9. New Bridge Street.

SIR, No. 25, Water Lane, Fleet Street, London.

WITH the blessing of God, having received a great cure, in a scrofulous case, by taking your LEAKE'S PATENT PILLS, I deem it a duty incumbent on me to give you an account of it, begging, that for the good of others, you would make it as public as possible.

About four years ago I observed a small swelling on one side of my neck, soon after which another appeared on the other side; in consequence, I applied to various practitioners, and took a great number of medicines, but all to no purpose; I also went two seasons to the sea, using the water in all the ways recommended, which, at the first time, seemed to take a little effect on the disorder, and which was the only good I received from the medicines and advice I could procure, during a course of two years and a half; for, instead of getting better, the swellings increased to such a degree, as to distress me exceedingly; they at last broke, and spread so much, that they became one deep ulcer, which reached round my throat from ear to ear; finding every thing ineffectual, either in mitigating the dreadful soreness and pain, or in stopping the progress of the ulceration, which now threatened to eat into my throat and deprive me of existence, I was fortunately advised, in October 1796, to take your pills and advice; you administered them with reluctance on account of the season being so unfavourable, and my circumstances not permitting me to give up my business for a time; but as the case was desperate, I continued the use of them till the February following, encouraged by the soreness gradually going off, the ulcer filling up, and at last healing entirely, without leaving any swelling or hardness behind, as any one may see on inspection.

My reason for not making my case known sooner, was fear of the return of the complaint; but, as the cure was performed in the middle of a very severe winter, without my losing a day's work on account of the medicine, and fourteen months have elapsed since it was completed, without the least appearance of return, I have every reason to subscribe myself, your ever grateful and affectionate servant,

April 5. 1798. JOHN COLLINS, Box-maker.

(Witnesses to the Cure)

The above young man having served his apprenticeship, and worked and lived with me during the last seven years, enables me to testify the truth of the above, and that no other medicine was used during the course of the pills.

No. 25. Water Lane, Fleet Street. EDWARD WILKINSON.
Crown, Crown Court, Fleet Street. THOMAS BRANCH.

Prepared and sold by the sole proprietor, Thomas Taylor, Member of the Corporation of Surgeons, London, at his house, No. 9. New Bridge Street, in Boxes of only 2s. 9d. each, duty included.

Also by his appointment, they are sold, with copious directions, by Mess. WATSON, Edinburgh; Mennons, Glasgow; Hodson, Newcastle; Wilson and Co. York; Cattwill, Dublin; and by one person in every considerable town in Great Britain and Ireland.

N. B.—Each Box is sealed up with a stamp, on which, by favour of the Commissioners, is printed, at the Stamp Office, *T. Taylor, No. 9. New Bridge Street*—to imitate which is felony, and all others are counterfeits.

EXCHANGES, LONDON ON				
Hamburgh	37 10	2½ U	*Dublin*	9¾
Lisbon	65½		*Bank-money*	
Oporto	65¼			

PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, OLD FISH MARKET CLOSE, EVERY MONDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY.—Price L. 3: 18s. per annum, when called for.—L. 4. delivered in Town, or in Leith; and L. 4: 4s. sent by Post.